

Communication



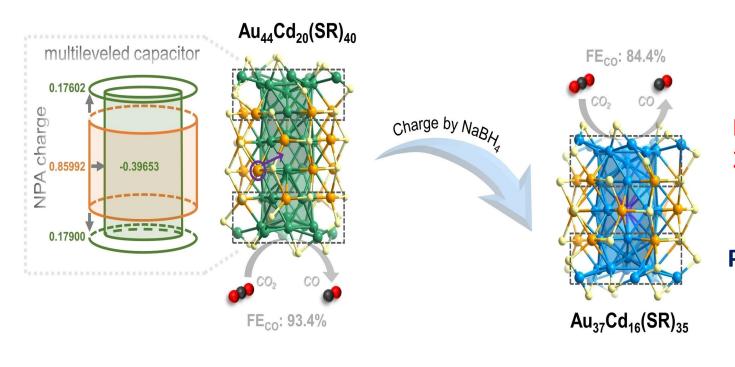


Nanoclusters Very Important Paper

How to cite: Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2024, e202420931 doi.org/10.1002/anie.202420931

Chemical Synthesis of ~1 nm Multilevel Capacitor-like Particles with **Atomic Precision**

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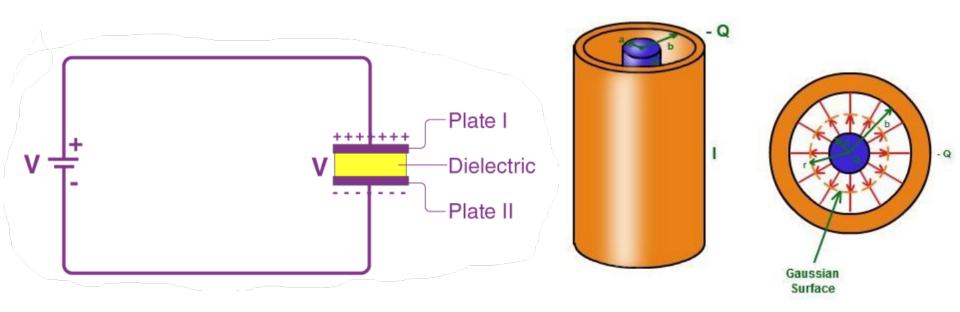
Publication date: 2nd December 2024

Paper Presentation

Sooraj B S 28-12-2024

Capacitor

- > Capacitors are energy-storing devices available in different shapes and sizes
- ➤ It is made up of two conducting plates separated by an insulating material called a dielectric
- It can undergo charging and discharging

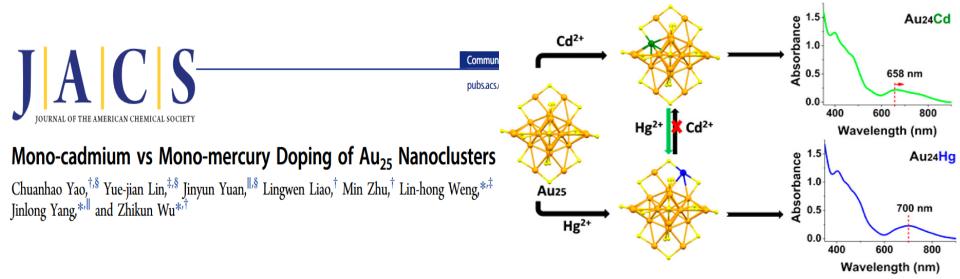


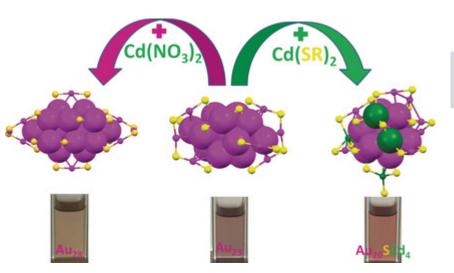
Cylindrical Capacitor

Motivation

- Emerging metal nanoclusters have atomically precise and tunable compositions and structures, facilitating the fabrication of ultrasmall nanosized devices
- ➤ Some NCs have core—shell or multiple-shell metal structures
- ➤ It is essential to verify whether such a core—shell or multiple-shell structure can function as an ultrasmall capacitor (Nanocluster capacitor)
- ➤ However, techniques to identify the charging and discharging process of NC capacitor, is not achieved yet
- ➤ To address these requirements, the latter one, we realized the synthesis of challenging Au core-Cd shell bimetal NCs, considering that the two metals have a large electronegativity difference

Background Work





GDCh Communications Angewandte

Nanoparticles

German Edition: DOI: 10.1002/ange.201800877

International Edition: DOI: 10.1002/anie.201800877

The Fourth Alloying Mode by Way of Anti-Galvanic Reaction

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Why this paper

- First report on the feasibility of the application of metal nanoclusters as multilevel capacitors with atomic precision
- First report on the intra-nanoparticle charge movement and the intrananocluster anti-galvanic reaction by undoubted single crystal X-ray diffraction
- First report on central atom Cd doping of bimetallic nanoclusters

This work

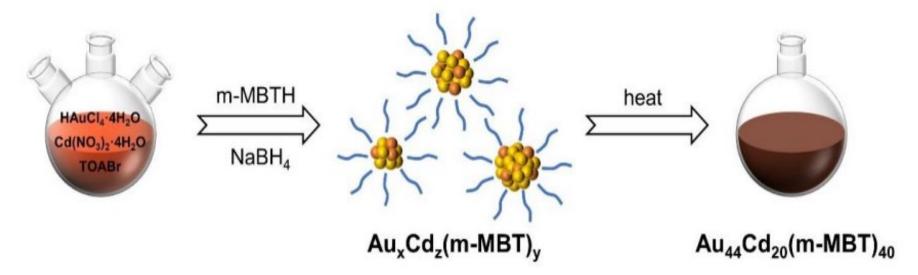
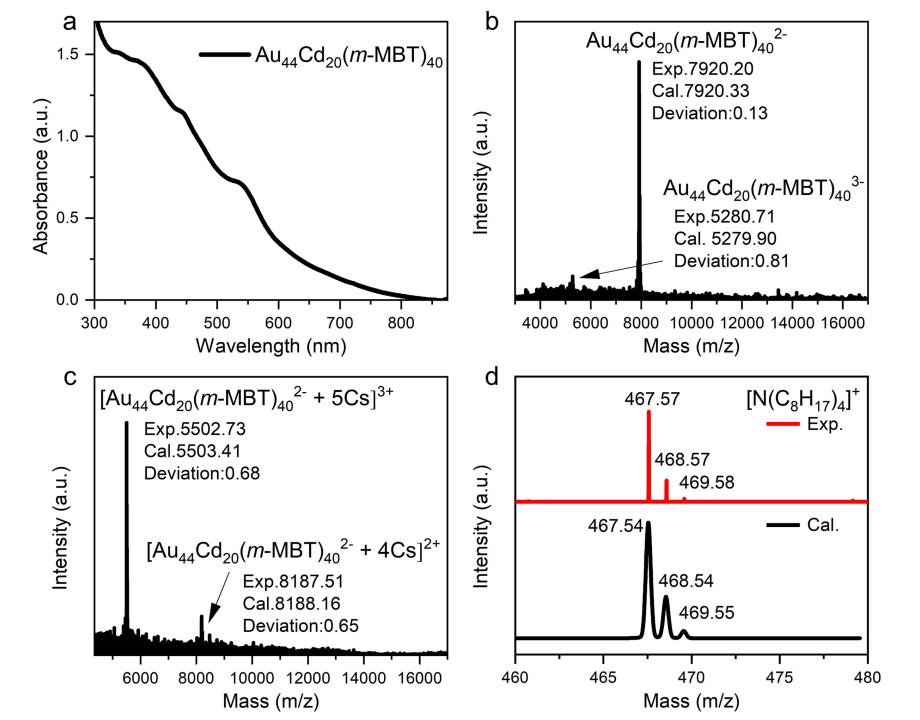


Figure S1. The synthesis route.



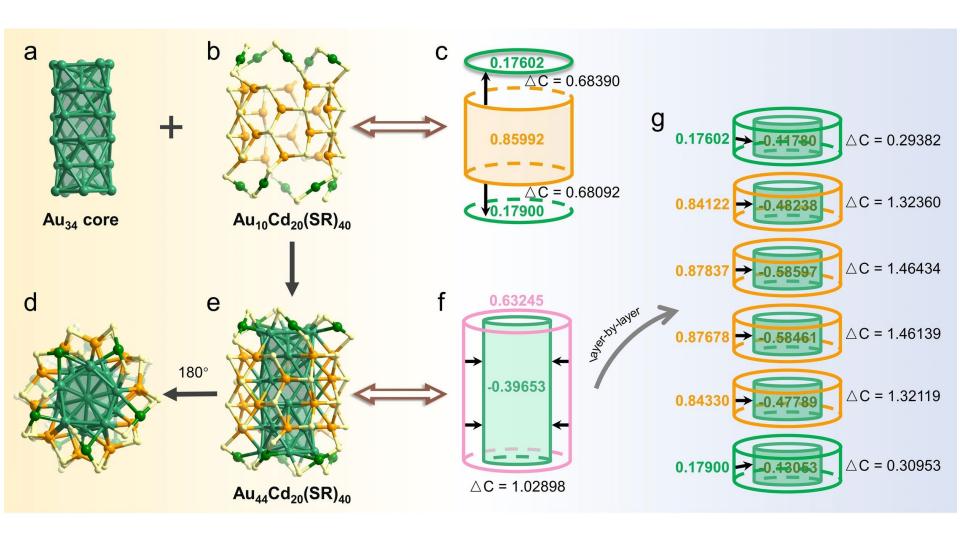


Figure 1. Structure anatomy and illustration of multilevel capacitor of $Au_{44}Cd_{20}$. (a) Au_{34} core. (b) $Au_{10}Cd_{20}(SR)_{40}$ staple. (c) Average NPA charge differences (ΔC) between Au and Cd sections in the shell. (d) Top and (e) side views of the complete structure. (f) Average NPA charge differences between the AuCd shell and Au core. (g) Average NPA charge differences between the Cd_5 (Au_5) shell pentagon and the corresponding Au_5 core pentagon. Carbon and hydrogen atoms are omitted for clarity. Cd: orange, S: yellow, and Au: other color.

Pentagonal bipyramid Au₇

Pentagonal antiprisms Au₁₀

Pentagonal bipyramid Au₇

Pentagonal Au₅ at the top and bottom

Au₃₄ core

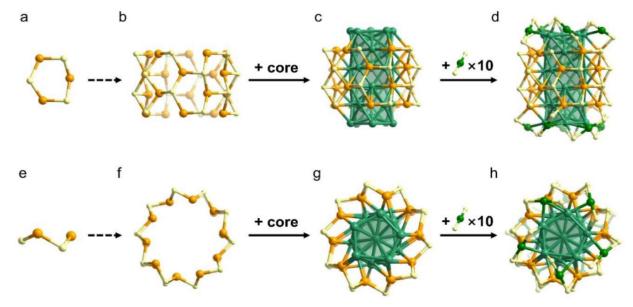


Figure S4. Anatomy of the structure of the $Au_{44}Cd_{20}$. (a, e) Starting from the motif of $Cd_3(m\text{-MBT})_3$; (b, f) the motif of $Cd_{20}(m\text{-MBT})_{20}$; (c, g) adding the core to form the $Au_{34}Cd_{20}(m\text{-MBT})_{20}$ framework; and (d, h) finally adding ten $Au(m\text{-MBT})_2$ unit to form the complete structure of $Au_{44}Cd_{20}(m\text{-MBT})_{40}$. Side view: a-d; top view: e-h. For clarity, C and H atoms are all omitted. Cd, orange; S, yellow; Au, other color.

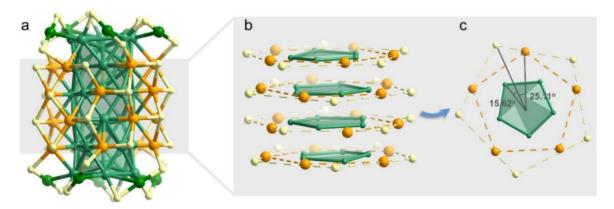


Figure S5. Layer by layer atomic arrangement of Au₄₄Cd₂₀. (a) Structure of Au₄₄Cd₂₀. (b) Illustration of S₅, Cd₅, and Au₅ pentagons in Au₄₄Cd₂₀. (c) Rotation relation between S₅, Cd₅, and Au₅ pentagons in the same layer of Au₄₄Cd₂₀. For clarity, C and H atoms are all omitted. Cd, orange; S, yellow; Au, other color.

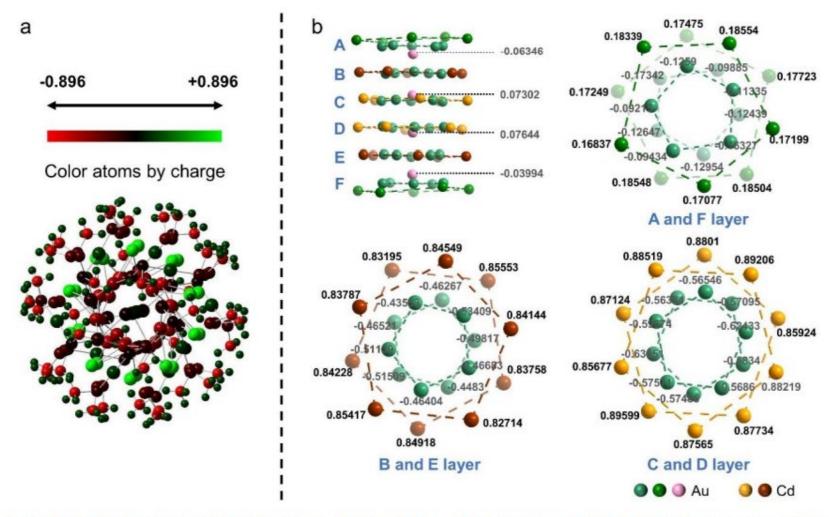


Figure S6. NPA charge distribution of Au₄₄Cd₂₀. For clarity, all C and H atoms are omitted.

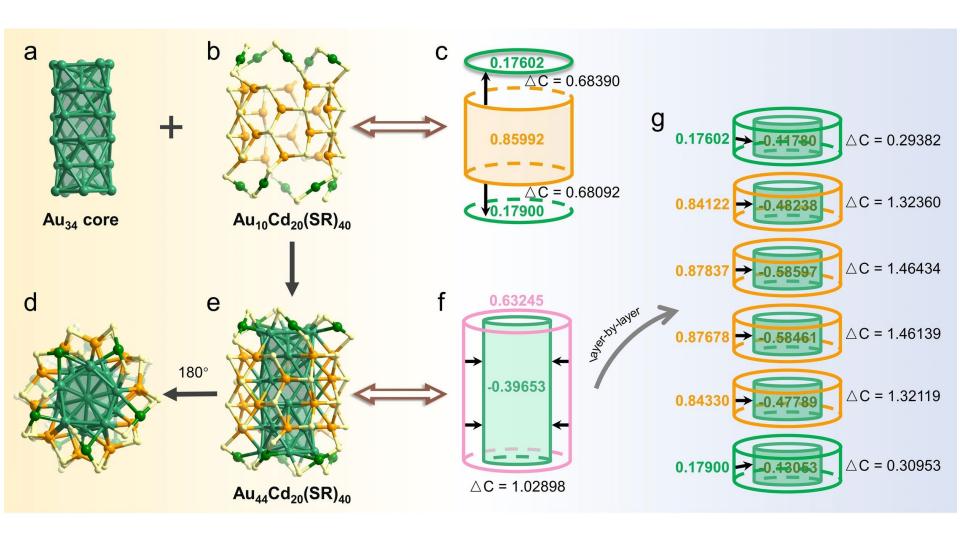


Figure 1. Structure anatomy and illustration of multilevel capacitor of $Au_{44}Cd_{20}$. (a) Au_{34} core. (b) $Au_{10}Cd_{20}(SR)_{40}$ staple. (c) Average NPA charge differences (ΔC) between Au and Cd sections in the shell. (d) Top and (e) side views of the complete structure. (f) Average NPA charge differences between the AuCd shell and Au core. (g) Average NPA charge differences between the Cd_5 (Au_5) shell pentagon and the corresponding Au_5 core pentagon. Carbon and hydrogen atoms are omitted for clarity. Cd: orange, S: yellow, and Au: other color.

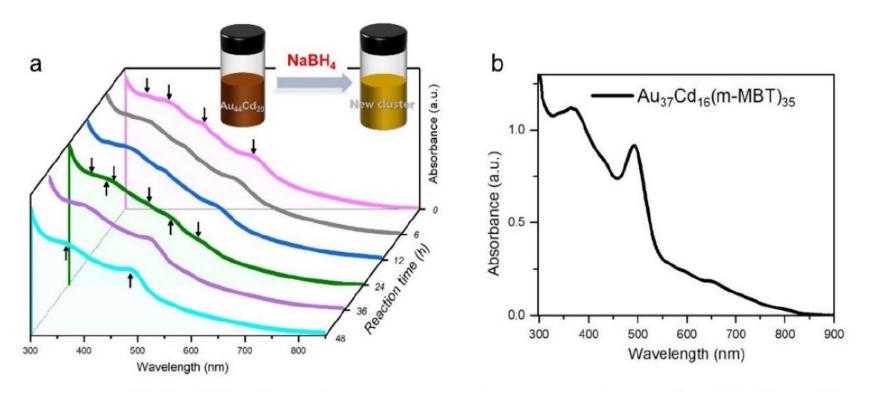


Figure S7. (a) UV/vis/NIR absorption spectrum of Au₄₄Cd₂₀ charged by NaBH₄ at different times. (b) UV/vis/NIR absorption spectrum of Au₃₇Cd₁₆.

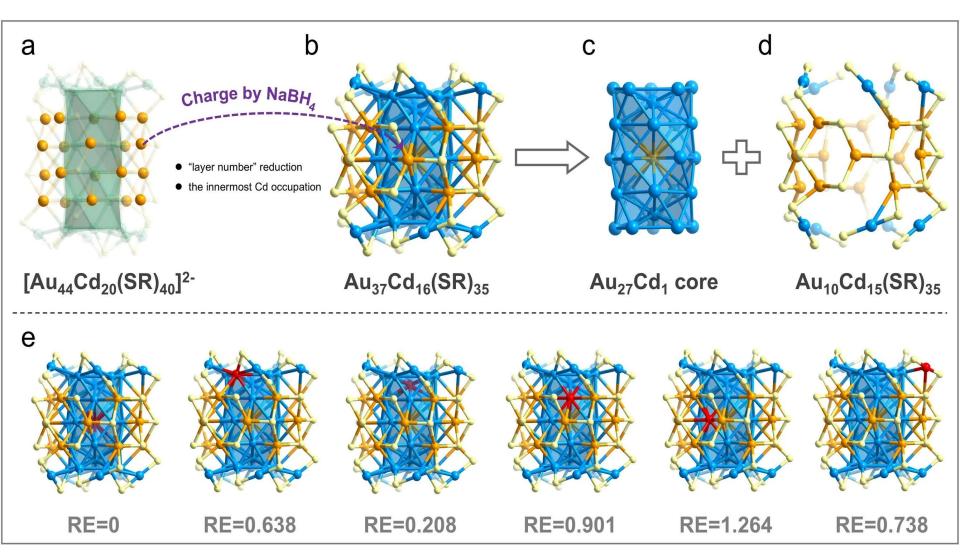


Figure 3. Structure anatomy and theoretical calculation of $Au_{37}Cd_{16}$. (a) Crystal structure of $Au_{44}Cd_{20}$. (b) Crystal structure of $Au_{37}Cd_{16}$. (c) Structure of the $Au_{27}Cd_1$ core. (d) Structure of the $Au_{10}Cd_{15}(SR)_{35}$ staple. (e) Relative energy of $Au_{37}Cd_{16}$ with different Cd occupations (kcal mol⁻¹). For clarity, all carbon and hydrogen atoms are omitted. Cd: orange/red, S: yellow, and Au: other color.

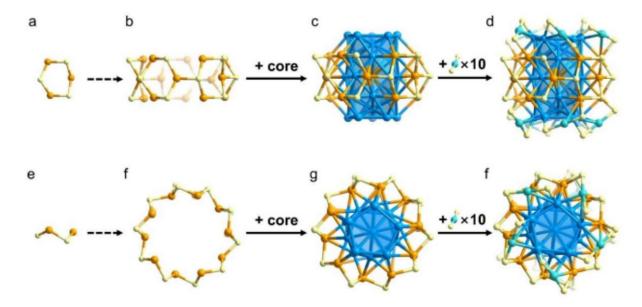


Figure S9. Anatomy of the structure of Au₃₇Cd₁₆. (a, e) Starting from the motif of Cd₃(m-MBT)₃; (b, f) the motif of Cd₁₅(m-MBT)₁₅; (c, g) adding the core to form the Au₂₇Cd₁₆(m-MBT)₁₅ framework; and (d, h) finally adding ten Au(m-MBT)₂ unit to form the complete structure of Au₃₇Cd₁₆(m-MBT)₃₅. Side view: a-d; top view: e-h. For clarity, C and H atoms are all omitted. Cd, orange; S yellow; Au, other color.

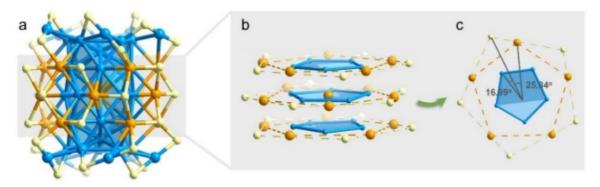


Figure S10. Layer by layer atomic arrangement of Au₃₇Cd₁₆. (a) Structure of Au₃₇Cd₁₆. (b) Illustration of S₅, Cd₅, and Au₅ pentagons in Au₃₇Cd₁₆. (c) Rotation relation between S₅, Cd₅ and Au₅ pentagons in the same layer of Au₃₇Cd₁₆. For clarity, all C and H atoms are omitted. Cd, orange; S, yellow; Au, other color.

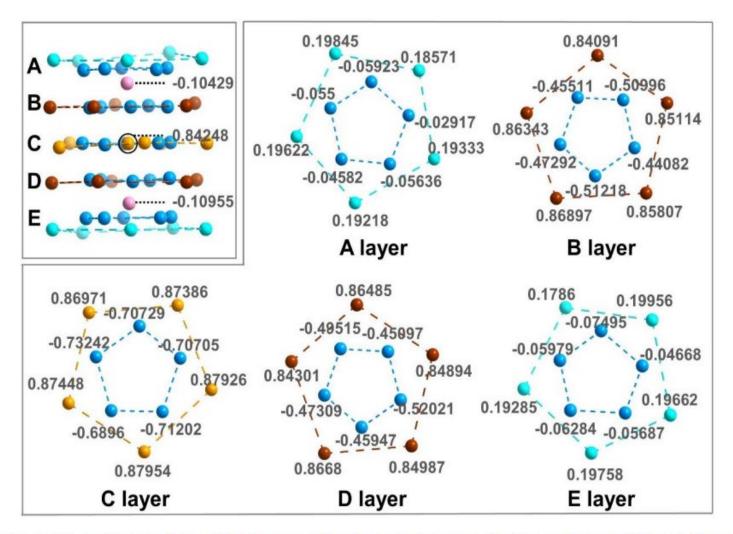


Figure S28. NPA Charge distribution of metal atoms in Au₃₇Cd₁₆. For clarity, all C and H atoms are omitted. Cd, orange/brown; Au, blue/pink/cyan.

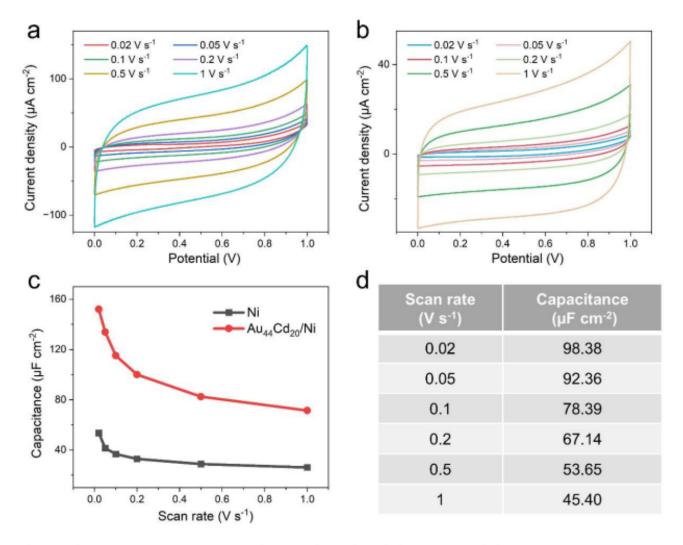


Figure S16. Cyclic voltammetry of Au₄₄Cd₂₀/Ni (a) and Ni (b) at various scan rates. (c) Capacitance comparison of Au₄₄Cd₂₀/Ni and Ni. (d) Summary table of Au₄₄Cd₂₀ capacitances at various scan rates.

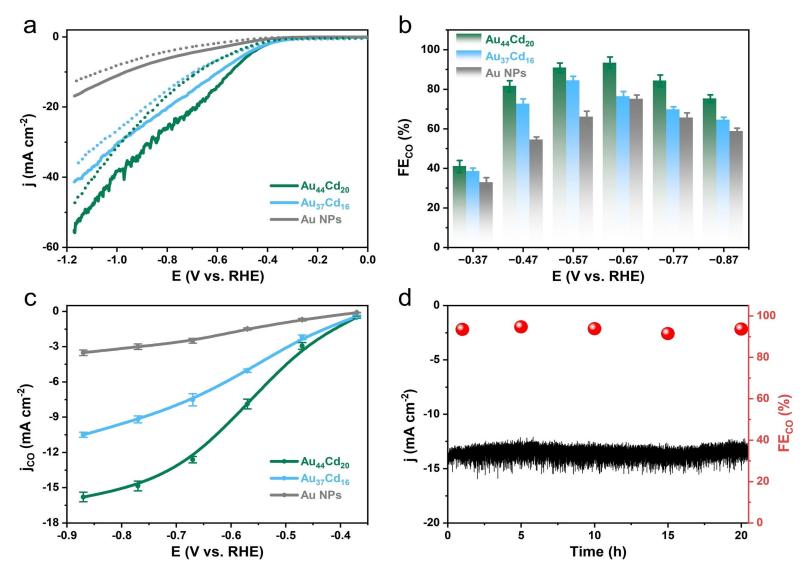


Figure 4. The electrochemical performance of $Au_{44}Cd_{20}$, $Au_{37}Cd_{16}$ and Au NPs in 0.5 M KHCO₃. (a) Linear sweep voltammetry curves in Ar-saturated (dotted line) and CO_2 -saturated (solid line) 0.5 M KHCO₃ solution with a scan rate of 10 mV s⁻¹. (b) FE_{CO} at different applied potentials. (c) The corresponding CO partial current density. (d) Electrocatalytic stability of $Au_{44}Cd_{20}$ NCs for the electrocatalytic reduction of CO_2 to CO at -0.67 V for 20 h.

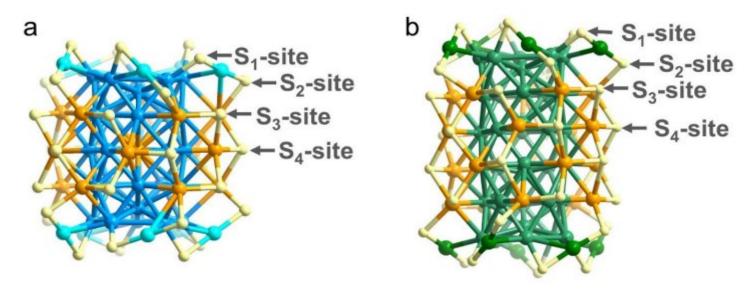


Figure S21. The calculated sites. (a) Au₃₇Cd₁₆. (b) Au₄₄Cd₂₀. For clarity, all C and H atoms are omitted. Cd, orange; S, yellow; Au, other color.

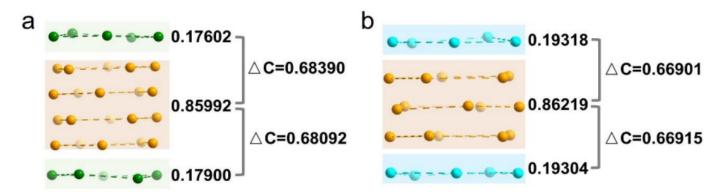


Figure S30. Comparisons of NPA charge difference(\triangle C) between the Cd and Au sections. (a) Au₄₄Cd₂₀. (b) Au₃₇Cd₁₆. For clarity, all C and H atoms are omitted. Cd, orange; Au, magenta/green.

Conclusion

- ➤ Reported a multilevel capacitor-like character of a novel Au₄₄Cd₂₀ nanocluster
- ➤ NPA charge calculations show that average charges of the outer Cd shell and internal sleeve were 0.85992 and -0.39653, respectively, supporting the capacitor-like character
- ➤ This was further supported by voltammetry and the charge carrier transport in Au₄₄Cd₂₀
- ➤ The charge carrier Cd(II) was transported from the middle shell to the innermost core with some structure modifications of Au₄₄Cd₂₀ after charged by NaBH₄ forming Au₃₇Cd₁₆ without affecting the basal cannula structure
- ➤ The valence state of Cd changed from ~+2 to ~0 during the charge carrier transport, indicating the occurrence of an intra-NC anti-galvanic reduction, which was not previously reported
- ➤ The Au₄₄Cd₂₀ shell can be regarded as a subsidiary capacitor comprising the segregated Au and Cd sections, supported by the NPA charge and electrocatalytic CO₂RR