

# Paper Presentation

Dated: March 9, 2024

Harshita Nagar

# Chiral Hydride Cu<sub>18</sub> Clusters Transform to Superatomic Cu<sub>15</sub>Ag<sub>4</sub> Clusters: Circularly Polarized Luminescence Lighting

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October 3, 2023

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# Why this paper?

- The modulation of metal cluster enantiomers and their reconstruction remain challenging. Here, for the first time, they report an enantiomeric pair of hydride copper cluster made using chiral ligand.
- The introduction of foreign metal atoms to induce structural conversion of a parent metal cluster has emerged as a promising strategy for modulating the cluster's size and electronic structure.
- This approach can trigger the formation of bimetallic clusters with desired composition, novel structure, and tailored functionality.

# Background work

J | A | C | S  
JOURNAL OF THE AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

Cite This: *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 2017, 139, 17779–17782

Communication

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## Reconstructing the Surface of Gold Nanoclusters by Cadmium Doping

Qi Li,<sup>†</sup> Kelly J. Lambright,<sup>‡</sup> Michael G. Taylor,<sup>||</sup> Kristin Kirschbaum,<sup>‡</sup> Tian-Yi Luo,<sup>§</sup> Jianbo Zhao,<sup>†</sup> Giannis Mpourmpakis,<sup>||</sup> Soumitra Mokashi-Punekar,<sup>§</sup> Nathaniel L. Rosi,<sup>§</sup> and Rongchao Jin<sup>\*,†,§</sup>

GDCh

Communications

Angewandte  
International Edition  
Chemie

**Metal Nanoclusters**

International Edition: DOI: 10.1002/anie.201600267

German Edition: DOI: 10.1002/ange.201600267

## Gold Doping of Silver Nanoclusters: A 26-Fold Enhancement in the Luminescence Quantum Yield

Giada Soldan<sup>+</sup>, Maha A. Aljuhani<sup>+</sup>, Megalamane S. Bootharaju, Lina G. AbdulHalim, Manas R. Parida, Abdul-Hamid Emwas, Omar F. Mohammed,<sup>\*</sup> and Osman M. Bakr<sup>\*</sup>

J | A | C | S  
JOURNAL OF THE AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

Cite This: *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 2018, 140, 12314–12317

Communication

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## Hydride-Mediated Controlled Growth of a Bimetallic (Pd@Au<sub>8</sub>)<sup>2+</sup> Superatom to a Hydride-Doped (HPd@Au<sub>10</sub>)<sup>3+</sup> Superatom

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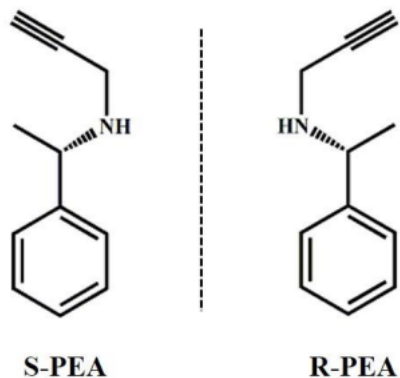
Article

## [Pt<sub>2</sub>Cu<sub>34</sub>(PET)<sub>22</sub>Cl<sub>4</sub>]<sup>2−</sup>: An Atomically Precise, 10-Electron PtCu Bimetal Nanocluster with a Direct Pt–Pt Bond

Sanghwa Lee,<sup>⊥</sup> Megalamane S. Bootharaju,<sup>⊥</sup> Guocheng Deng,<sup>⊥</sup> Sami Malola, Hannu Häkkinen,<sup>\*</sup> Nanfeng Zheng,<sup>\*</sup> and Taeghwan Hyeon<sup>\*</sup>

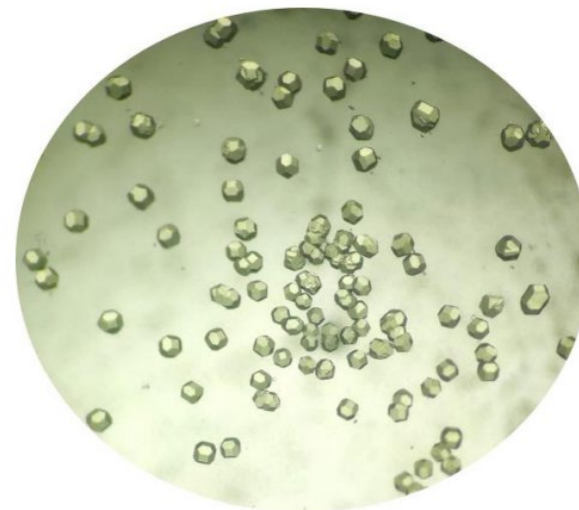
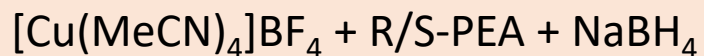
# Introduction

- Herein, for the first time, they have synthesized a pair of chiral copper hydride clusters  $[\text{Cu}_{18}\text{H}(\text{R/S-PEA})_{12}](\text{BF}_4)_5$  (**R/S-Cu<sub>18</sub>H**).
- When treated with  $\text{Ag}^+$  ions, the R/S-Cu<sub>18</sub>H precursor generates a novel enantiomeric pair of clusters  $[\text{Cu}_{15}\text{Ag}_4(\text{R/S-PEA})_{12}](\text{BF}_4)_5$  (**R/S-Cu<sub>15</sub>Ag<sub>4</sub>**) that lacks a hydride component and exhibits a Cu<sub>15</sub>Ag<sub>4</sub> metal core.
- Moreover, R/S-Cu<sub>18</sub>H exhibits circular dichroism (CD) responses, yet is non-emissive but by manipulation of R/S-Cu<sub>18</sub>H with  $\text{Ag}^+$  ions, R/S-Cu<sub>15</sub>Ag<sub>4</sub> shows orange emission and CPL activities.
- Ligand- ((R/S)-1-phenylethyl)prop-2-yn-1-amine



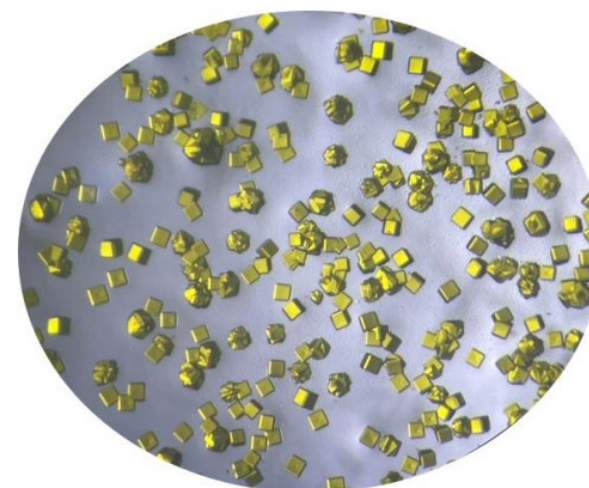
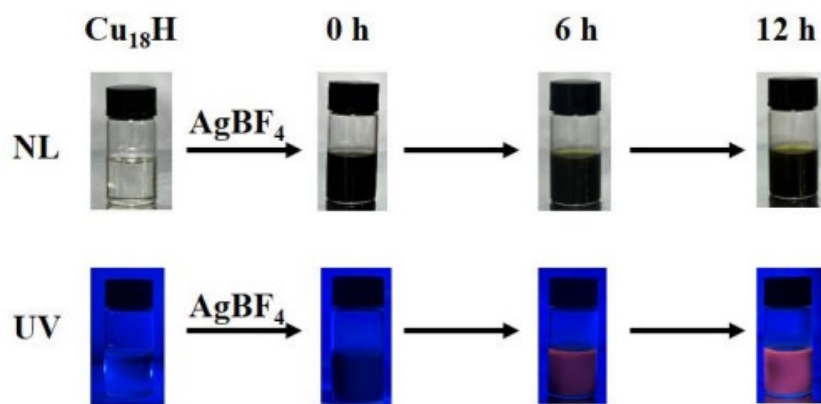
# Results and Discussion

## ➤ Synthesis of $[\text{Cu}_{18}\text{H}(\text{R/S-PEA})_{12}](\text{BF}_4)_5$ (**R/S-Cu<sub>18</sub>H**)



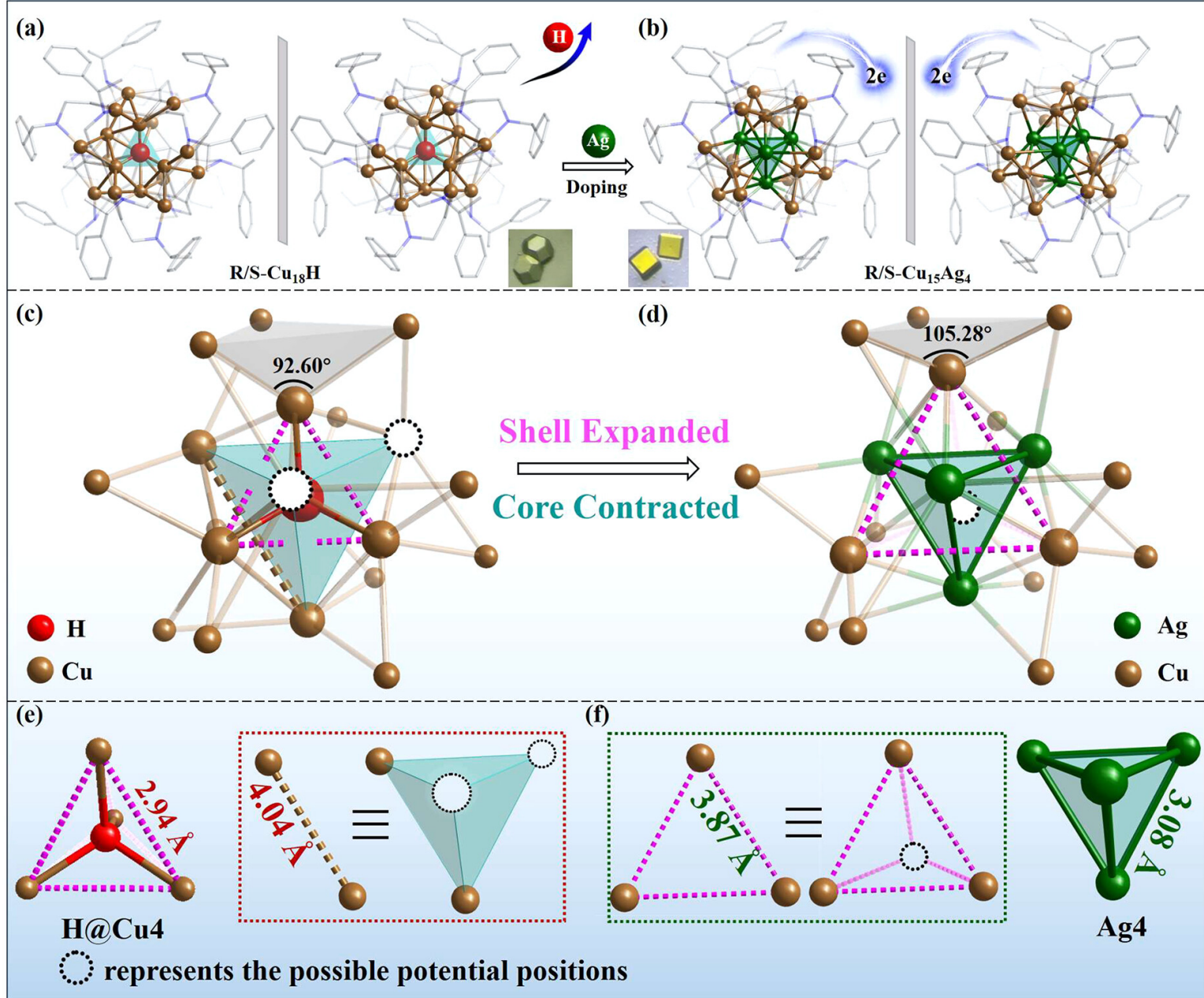
**Figure 1. (a)** Image of single crystals of S-Cu<sub>18</sub>H under natural light

## ➤ Synthesis of $[\text{Cu}_{15}\text{Ag}_4(\text{R/S-PEA})_{12}](\text{BF}_4)_5$ (**R/S-Cu<sub>15</sub>Ag<sub>4</sub>**)

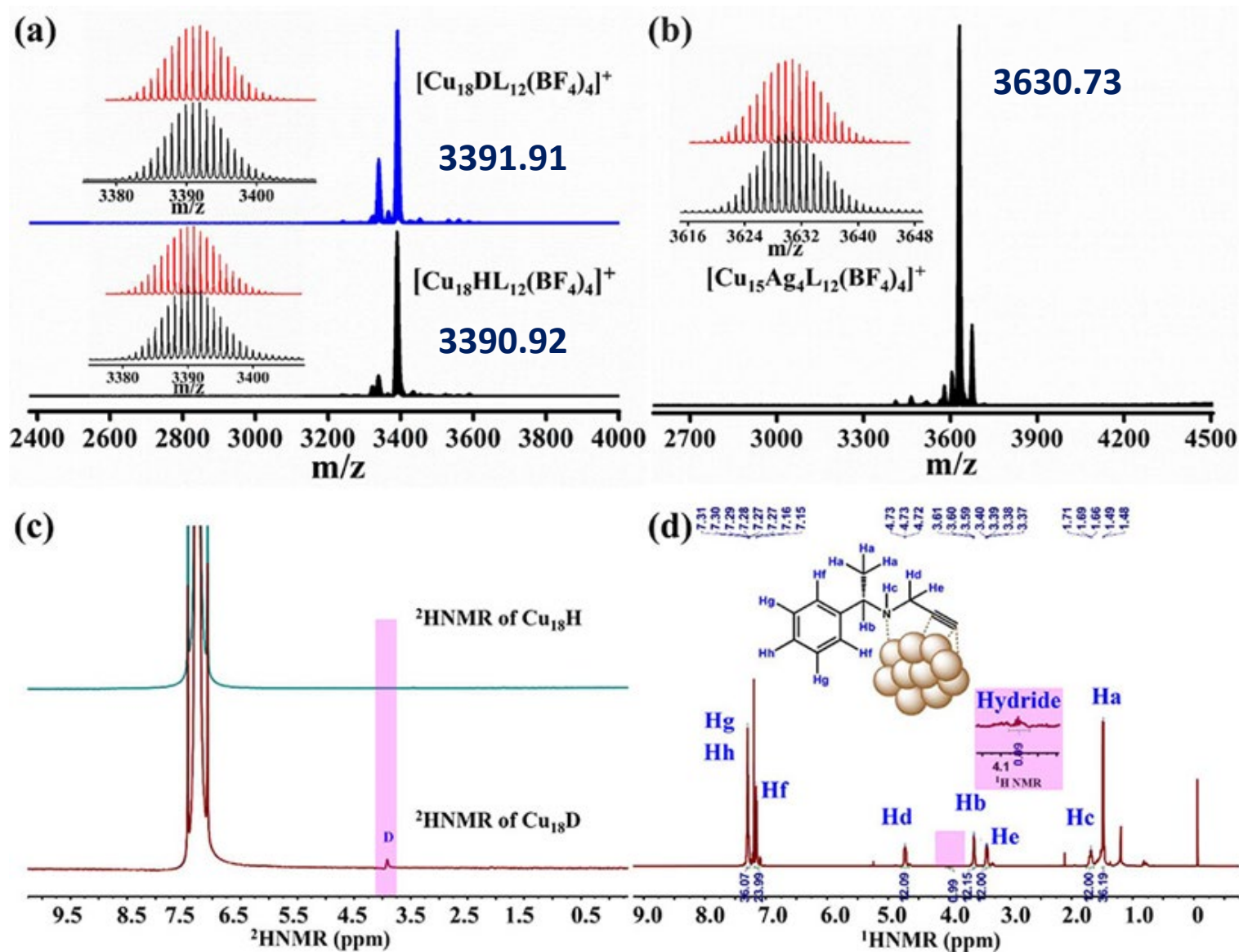


**Figure 1. (b)** Image of single crystals of S-Cu<sub>15</sub>Ag<sub>4</sub> under natural light



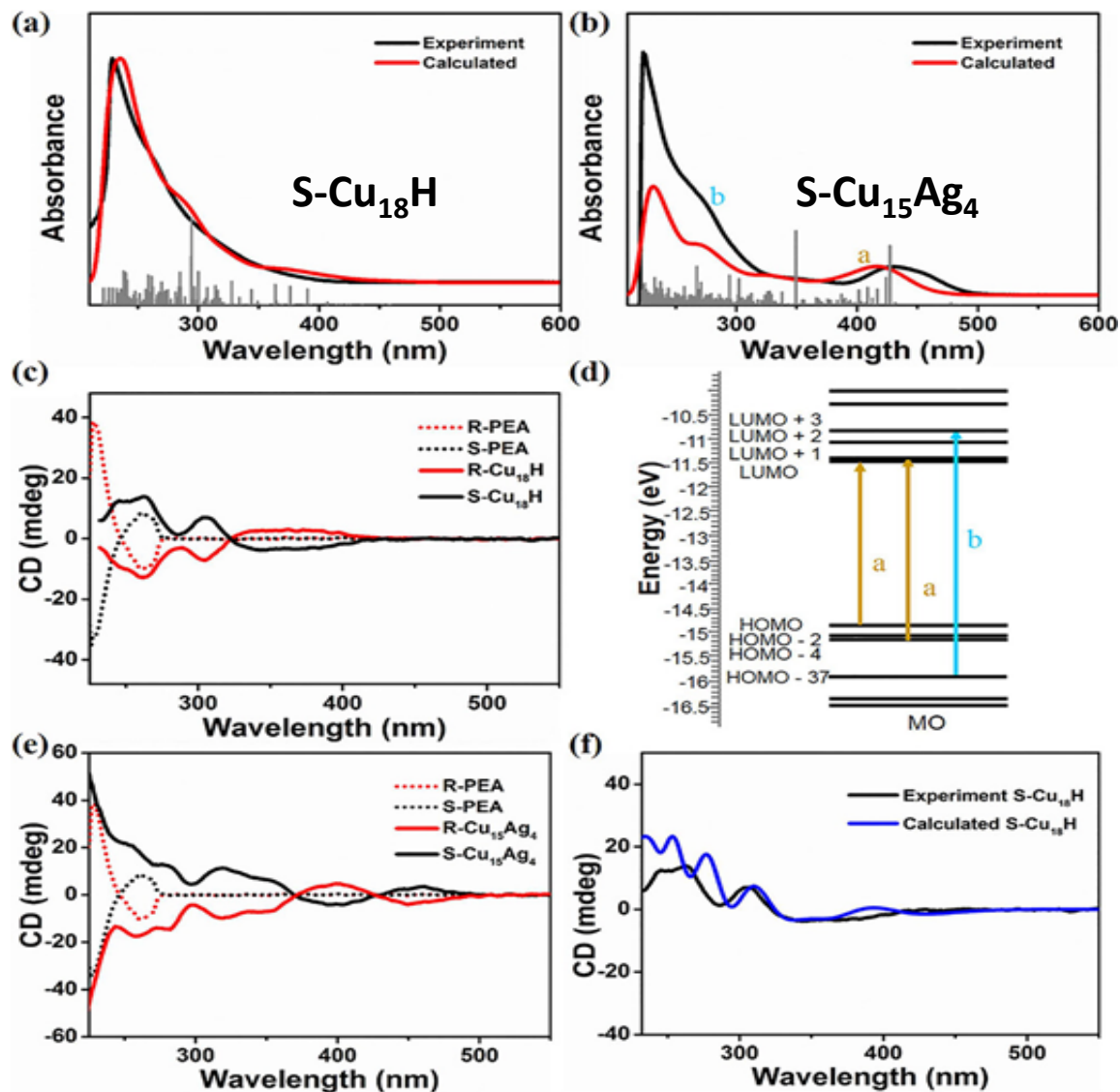


**Figure 2.** (a) Structures of R/S-Cu<sub>18</sub>H and (b) R/S-Cu<sub>15</sub>Ag<sub>4</sub>. Inset: images of S-Cu<sub>18</sub>H and S-Cu<sub>15</sub>Ag<sub>4</sub> crystals under natural light. (c, d) Comparison of changes in S-Cu<sub>18</sub>H and S-Cu<sub>15</sub>Ag<sub>4</sub>. Bond lengths in (e) S-Cu<sub>18</sub>H and (f) S-Cu<sub>15</sub>Ag<sub>4</sub>. Inset: The disordered parts in S-Cu<sub>18</sub>H and S-Cu<sub>15</sub>Ag<sub>4</sub> structures. In S-Cu<sub>18</sub>H, two of the four positions are occupied by copper and show no difference. In S-Cu<sub>15</sub>Ag<sub>4</sub>, three of the four positions are occupied by copper and show no difference. Color codes: N, blue; C, gray. H atoms of ligands are omitted for clarity.

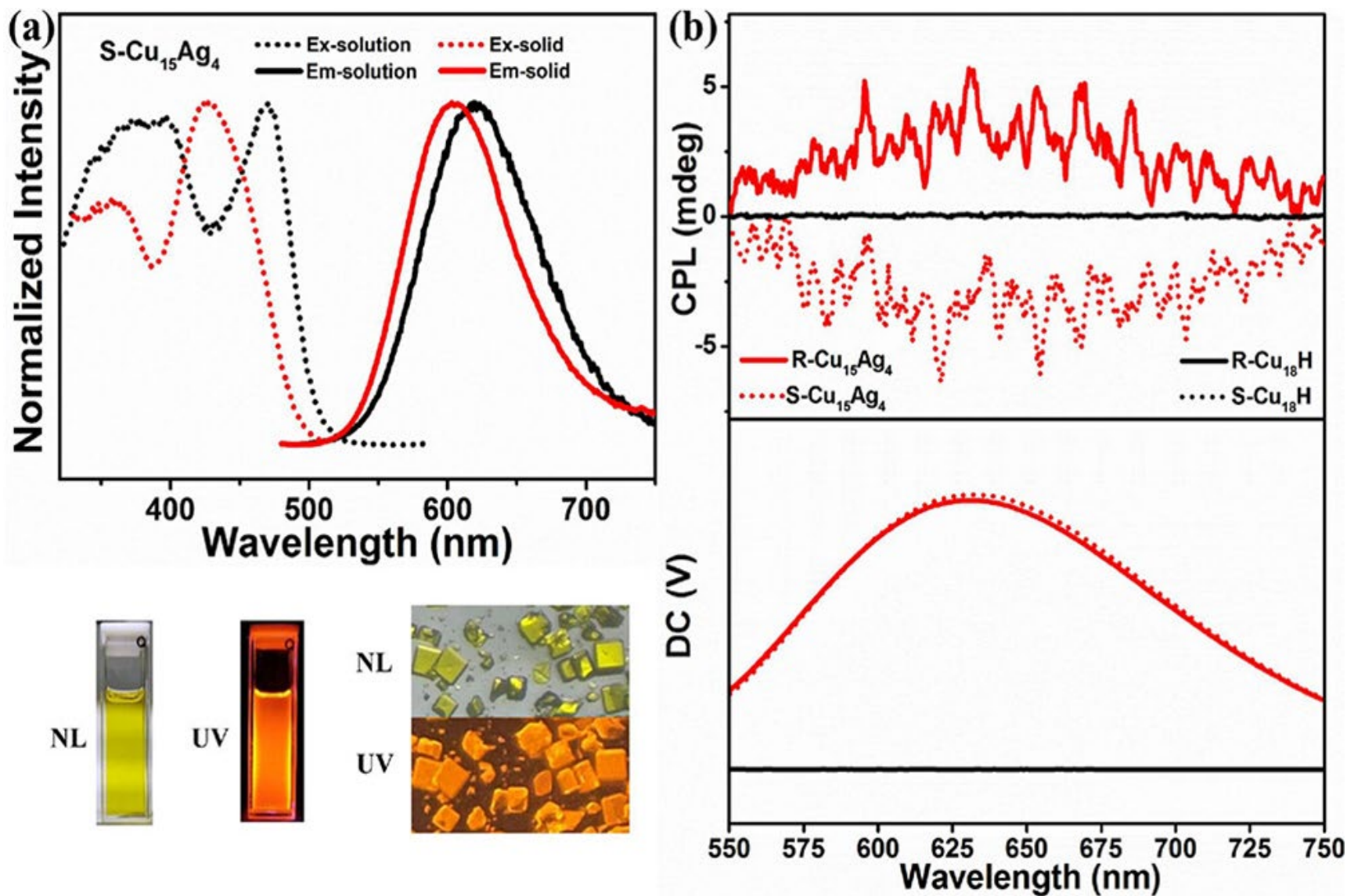


**Figure 3.** ESI-MS spectra of **(a)**  $\text{S-Cu}_{18}\text{H}$ , deuteride derivative, and **(b)**  $\text{S-Cu}_{15}\text{Ag}_4$ . Inset: The measured (black trace) and simulated (red trace) isotopic patterns of molecular ion peaks. **(c)**  $^2\text{H}$  NMR spectra of  $\text{S-Cu}_{18}\text{H}$  and the deuterated cluster in  $\text{CHCl}_3$ . **(d)**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of  $\text{S-Cu}_{18}\text{H}$  in  $\text{CDCl}_3$





**Figure 4.** Experimental and calculated absorption spectra of (a)  $S-Cu_{18}H$  and (b)  $S-Cu_{15}Ag_4$  (c,e) CD spectra of R/S- $Cu_{18}H$ , R/S- $Cu_{15}Ag_4$ , and ligands in dichloromethane. (d) Energy alignment of the MOs of  $S-Cu_{15}Ag_4$ . (f) Experimental and calculated CD spectra of  $S-Cu_{18}H$ .



**Figure 5. (a)** Luminescence spectra of S-Cu<sub>15</sub>Ag<sub>4</sub> in solid and solution states. Inset: Images of S-Cu<sub>15</sub>Ag<sub>4</sub> crystals and solution under natural light (NL) and UV irradiation. **(b)** CPL spectra of R/S-Cu<sub>15</sub>Ag<sub>4</sub> and R/S-Cu<sub>18</sub>H crystals.

# Conclusion

- They have reported, for the first time, the synthesis and characterization of a pair of enantiomeric Cu hydride cluster R/S- $\text{Cu}_{18}\text{H}$ .
- Through manipulation of R/S- $\text{Cu}_{18}\text{H}$  by  $\text{Ag}^+$  ions, hydride is released, leading to the formation of a novel superatom, R/S- $\text{Cu}_{15}\text{Ag}_4$ .
- The solid state R/S- $\text{Cu}_{15}\text{Ag}_4$  exhibited a photoluminescence quantum yield of 7.02% and excellent circularly polarized luminescence.
- The site-specific metal replacement in the cluster molecule and the accompanying dramatic changes in optical properties elucidate the explicit correlation between structure and luminescence.