

# Digital Laser Power Meter

A bundle of optical fibers is shown in the lower-left portion of the image. The fibers are dark, but their ends are illuminated with a bright blue light, creating a fan-like pattern of glowing points. The background is solid black, which makes the blue light stand out.

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# Introduction

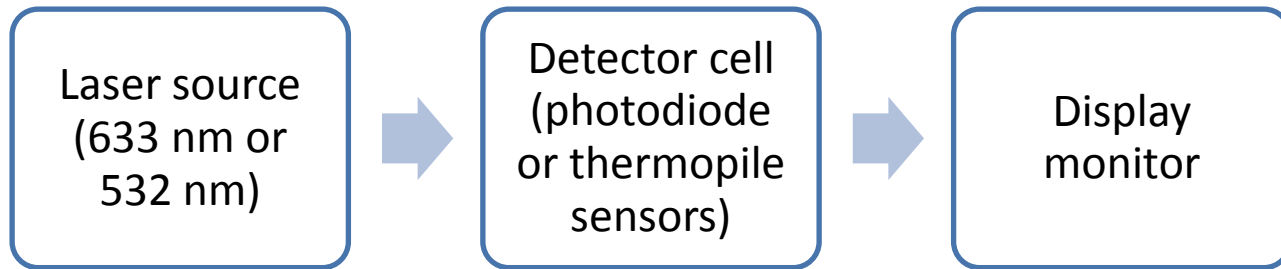
- ❖ It is a simple optoelectronic set-up.
- ❖ It is used to measure the power of the optical signal by fiber optic systems.
- ❖ It consists of sensors mainly photodiode sensors or thermopile laser sensors.
- ❖ These are of various types :
  - (a) Wavelength selective meters
  - (b) Sensitivity meters
  - (c) Sensor selective meters

# How does a digital laser power meter looks like?

The below figure illustrates the pertinent parts of the laser power meter:



# How it works?



## Steps followed for its operation...

- ✓ Make sure the meter is on. (Meter can be powered by battery or direct AC power supply.
- ✓ The switch mode is in continuous mode or in peak/hold mode.
- ✓ Power range selection has to be done.
- ✓ Position the photocell detector so that minimal amount of the ambient light is getting into the cell and then rotate the zero offset knob to obtain zero reading.
- ✓ Illuminate the detector cell aperture with laser beam and measure the power readings.

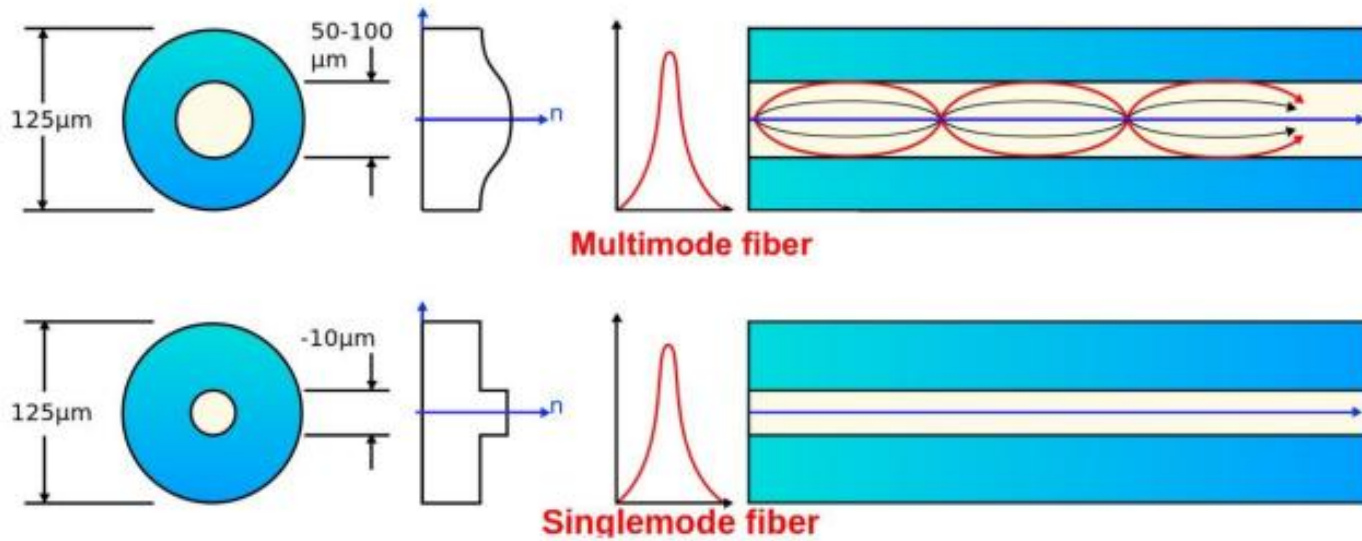
# Calibration and accuracy

- ❖ For exact precision and accuracy, calibration is required.
- ❖ Standard references of known brightness and power are available for calibration.
- ❖ The calibration potentiometer is adjusted with the flat blade screw until the display equals the standard.
- ❖ Calibration and accuracy of power meters is contentious issue. The calibration accuracy provided by NIST is about one part in thousand and instrument calibration is only few %.
- ❖ To obtain claimed accuracy several factors are taken into account : ambient temperature, optical connector type, wavelength variations, beam geometry variations, detector saturation etc.

## Troubleshooting

- ❖ LCD remains blank or shows no zero reading due to on/off switch not properly on or battery is weak.
- ❖ No change in display reading due to laser not striking the detectors sensitive area, or battery is weak.
- ❖ Too much ambient light also display erroneous reading.

# Difference between single and multi mode optical fiber





*Thank you*