Since 1959

Affordable clean water using nanomaterials

T. Pradeep
Institute Professor, IIT Madras
pradeep@iitm.ac.in
https://pradeepresearch.org

Dr. G. Byju
and colleagues

Professor-in-charge
International Centre for Clean Water

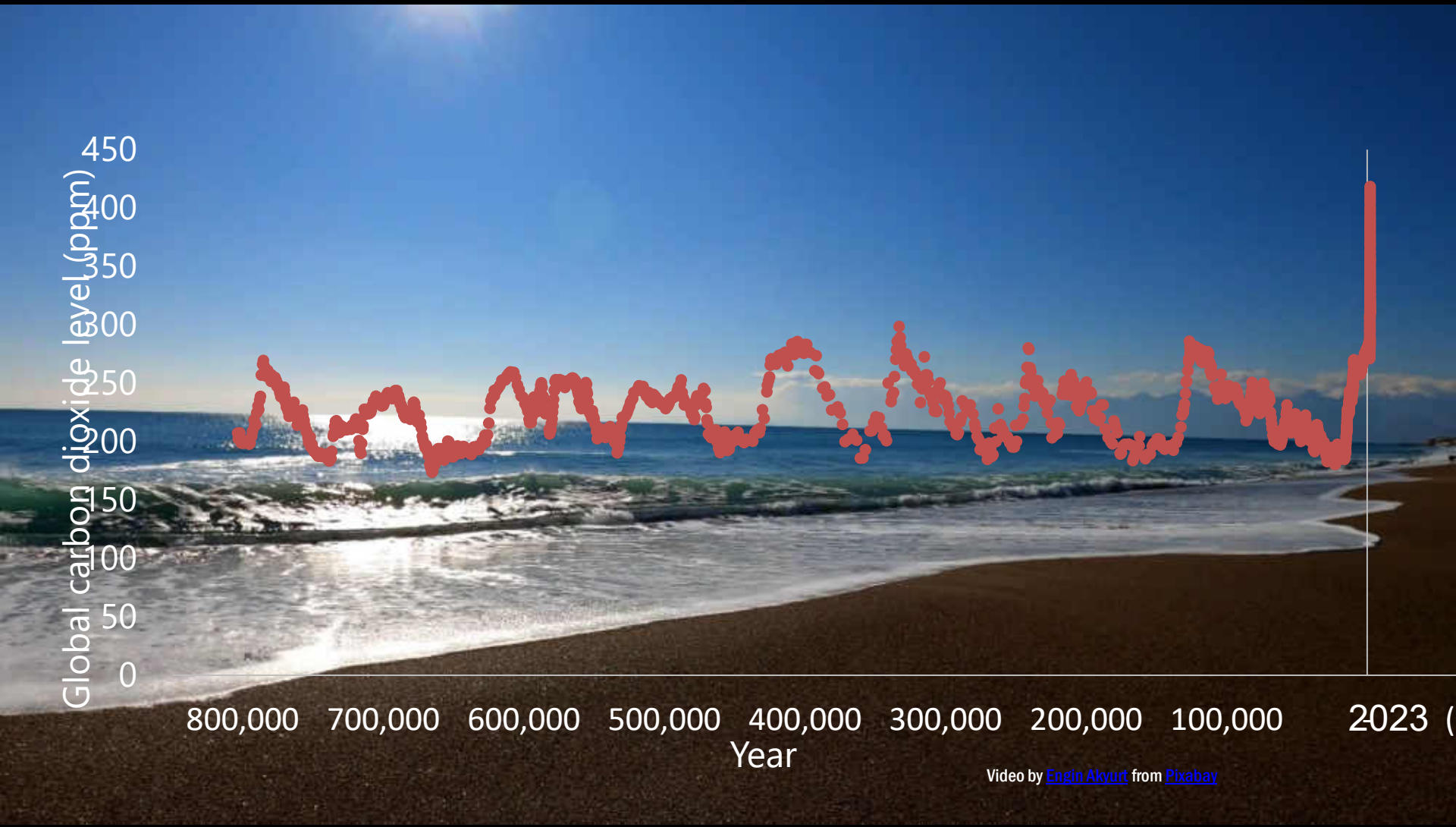
H.H. Sree Visakham Thirunal Endowment Lecture: 2023, June 5, 2023
Indian Society for Root Crops, ICAR-Central Tuber Crops Research Institute, Thiruvananthapuram

Visakham Thirunal Rama Varma (1837-1885)
the Maharaja of Travancore

My respects to Prince Adithya Varma

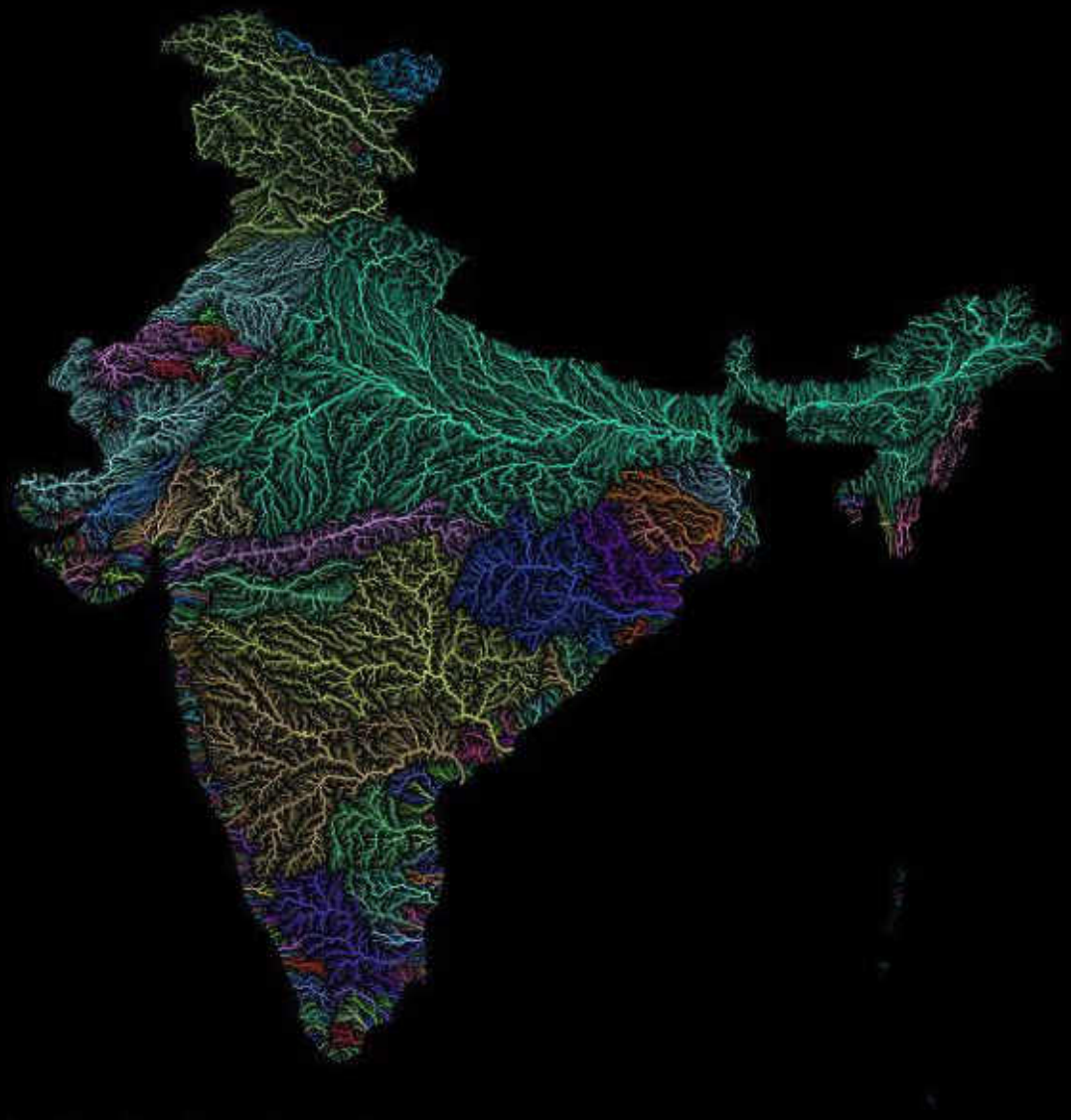
“Pale blue dot” Voyager 1 Feb. 14, 1990

Water is the most important inheritance of our planet


Global carbon dioxide level (ppm)
450
400
350
300
250
200
150
100
50
0
800,000
700,000
600,000
500,000
400,000
300,000
200,000
100,000
2023
Year
Video by Engin Akyurt from Pixabay

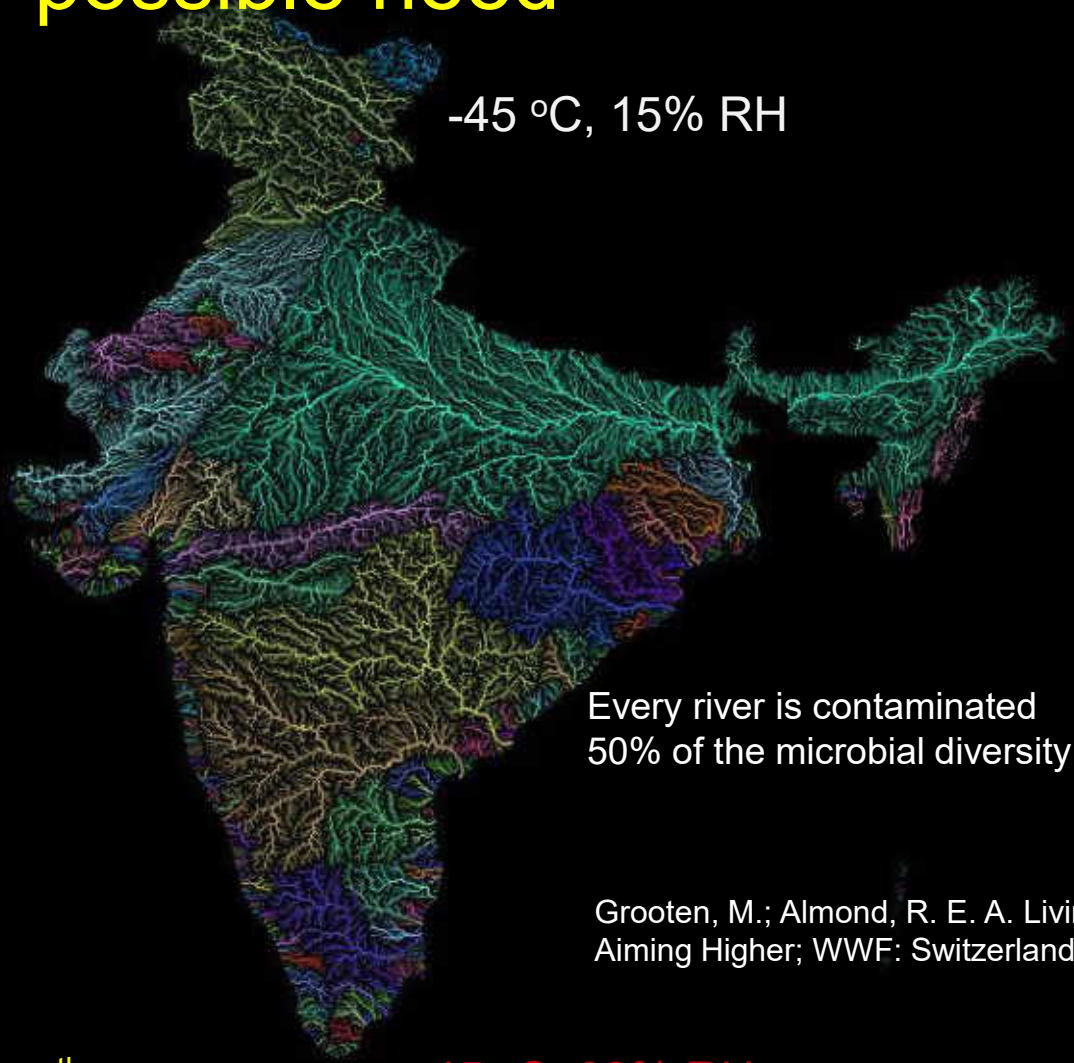
Water is at the entre of action

There is water in everything we do.



From S. Vishwanath

Challenges
Every possible need



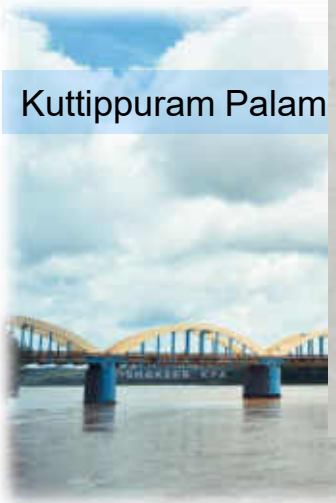
Arsenic
Fluoride
Uranium
Mercury
Chromium
Perchlorate
Nitrate
Pesticides
Antibiotics
Plastics
Detergents
…..

Every river is contaminated
50% of the microbial diversity is lost for ever

Grooten, M.; Almond, R. E. A. Living Planet Report - 2018: Aiming Higher; WWF: Switzerland, 2018.

From S. Vishwanath

Warnings from Kerala



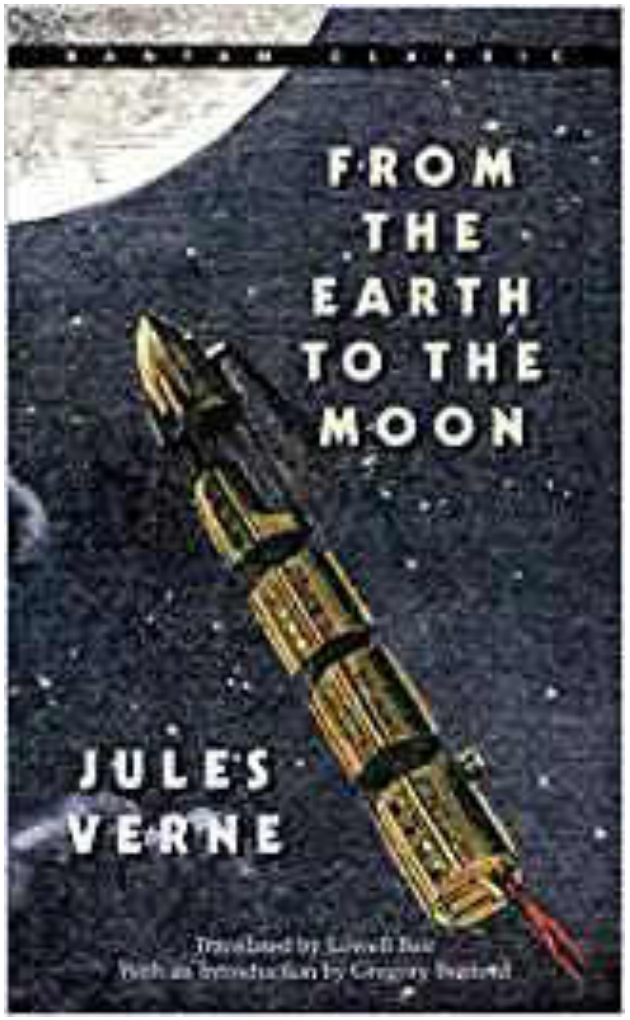
കളിയും ചിരിയും കരച്ചിലുമായ്-
ക്കഴിയും നരനൊരു യന്ത്രമായാൽ,
അംബ, പേരാറേ, നീ മാറിപ്പോമോ
ആകുലയാമൊരഴുക്കു ചാലായ്?

If the man, who with his usual playfulness
laughter and tears become machine like,
will you too mother ‘Perar’, change
into a canal of grief carrying sewage?

Images: Wikipedia, Edassery Smaraka Trust, K.P.A. Shakeeb

Mathrubhumi Weekly Feb. 21, 1954

Our dreams become reality with materials



Water purification, history

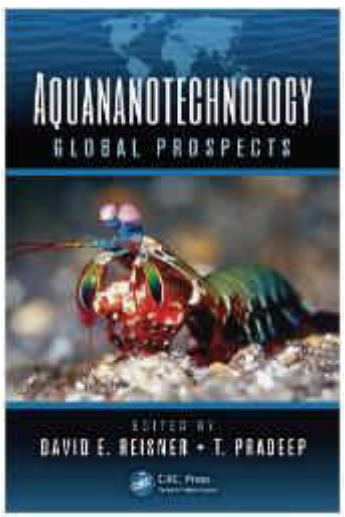
Important milestones in the history of water purification (1800–2007) from the perspective of noble metal nanoparticles in water treatment (compiled from multiple sources on the World Wide Web).

Year	Milestone
1804	Setup of world's first city-wide municipal water treatment plant (Scotland, sand-filter technology)
1810	Discovery of chlorine as a disinfectant (H. Davy)
1852	Formulation of Metropolis Water Act (England)
1879	Formulation of Germ Theory (L. Pasteur)
1902	Use of chlorine as a disinfectant in drinking water supply (calcium hypochlorite, Belgium)
1906	Use of ozone as a disinfectant (France)
1908	Use of chlorine as a disinfectant in municipal supply, New Jersey
1914	Federal regulation of drinking water quality (USPHS)
1916	Use of UV treatment in municipal supplies
1935	Discovery of synthetic ion exchange resin (B. A. Adams, E. L. Holmes)
1948	Nobel Prize to Paul Hermann Muller (insecticidal properties of DDT)
1959	Discovery of synthetic reverse osmosis membrane (S. Yuster, S. Loeb, S. Sourirajan)
1962	*Silent Spring* published, first report on harmful effects of DDT (R. Carson)
1965	World's first commercial RO plant launched
1974	Reports on carcinogenic by-products of disinfection with chlorine Formulation of Safe Drinking Water Act (USEPA)
1975	Development of carbon block for drinking water purification
1994	Report on use of zerovalent iron for degradation of halogenated organics (R. W. Gillham, S. F. O'Hannesin)
1997	Report on use of zerovalent iron nanoparticles for degradation of halogenated organics (C-B. Wang, W.-X. Zhang)
1998	Drinking Water Directive applied in EU
2000	Adoption of Millennium Declaration during the UN Millennium Summit (UN Millennium Development Goals)
2003	Report on use of noble metal nanoparticles for the degradation of pesticides (A.S. Nair, R. T. Tom, T. Pradeep)
2004	Stockholm Convention, banning the use of persistent organic pollutants
2007	Launch of noble metal nanoparticle-based domestic water purifier (T. Pradeep, A. S. Nair, Eureka Forbes Limited)

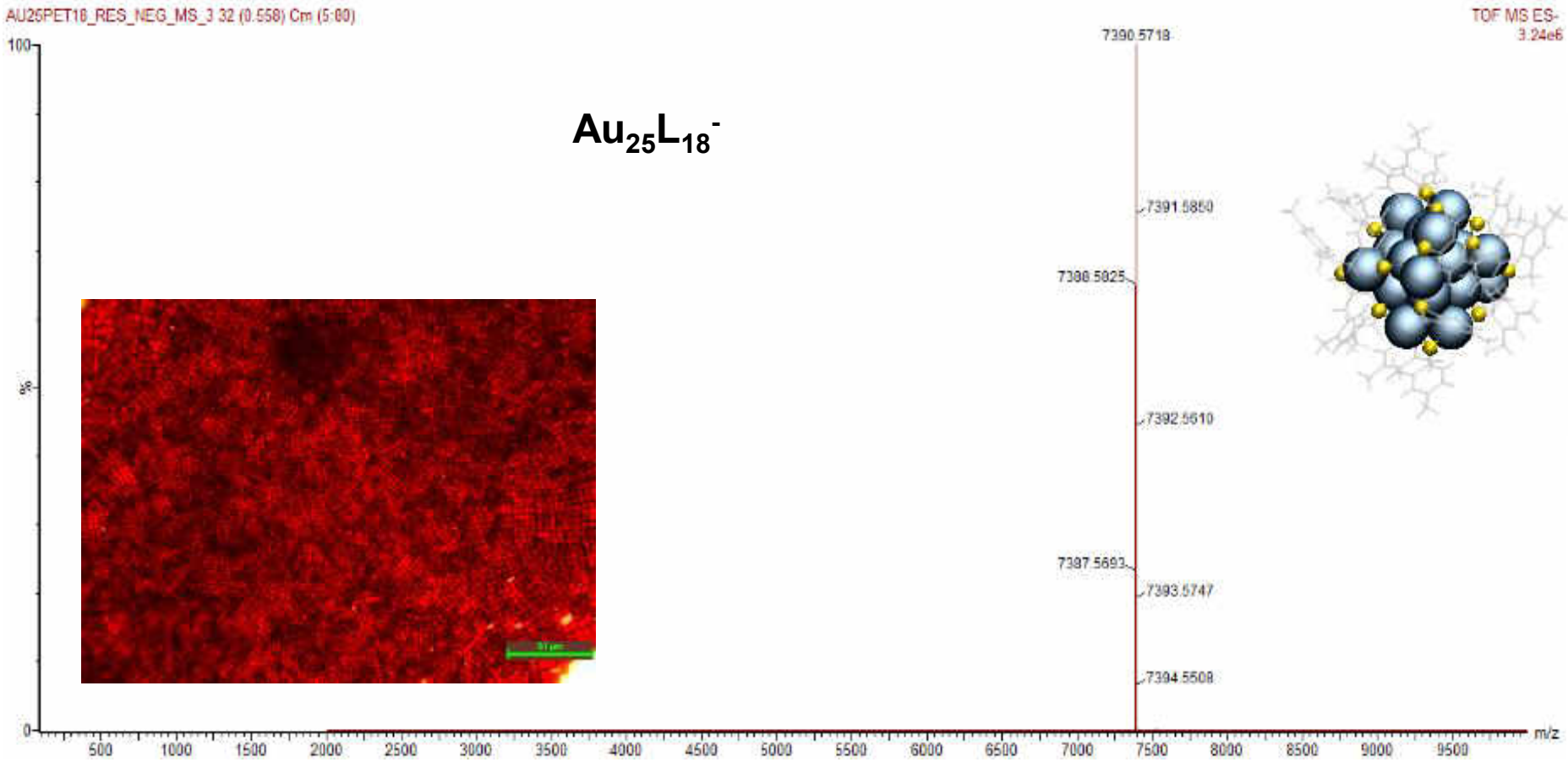
T. Pradeep and Anshup, *Thin Solid Films*, 2009

Affordable clean water is a problem of advanced materials

New adsorbents
New sensors
New catalysts
Novel phenomena
New devices



Nanomaterials are now atomically precise



T. Pradeep et. al. *Acc. Chem. Res.* 2018; 2019.

Clean water for everyone

ACS Sustainable Chemistry & Engineering Editorial, December 2016

Water positive materials

PNAS PNAS

Biopolymer-reinforced synthetic granular nanocomposites for affordable point-of-use water purification

Mohan Udhaya Sankar[1], Sahaja Aigal[1], Shihabudheen M. Maliyekkal[1], Amrita Chaudhary, Anshup, Avula Anil Kumar, Kamalesh Chaudhari, and Thalappil Pradeep[2]

Unit of Nanoscience and Thematic Unit of Excellen

n, Chennai 600 036, India

Edited by Eric Hoek, University of California, Los A

ved for review November 21, 2012)

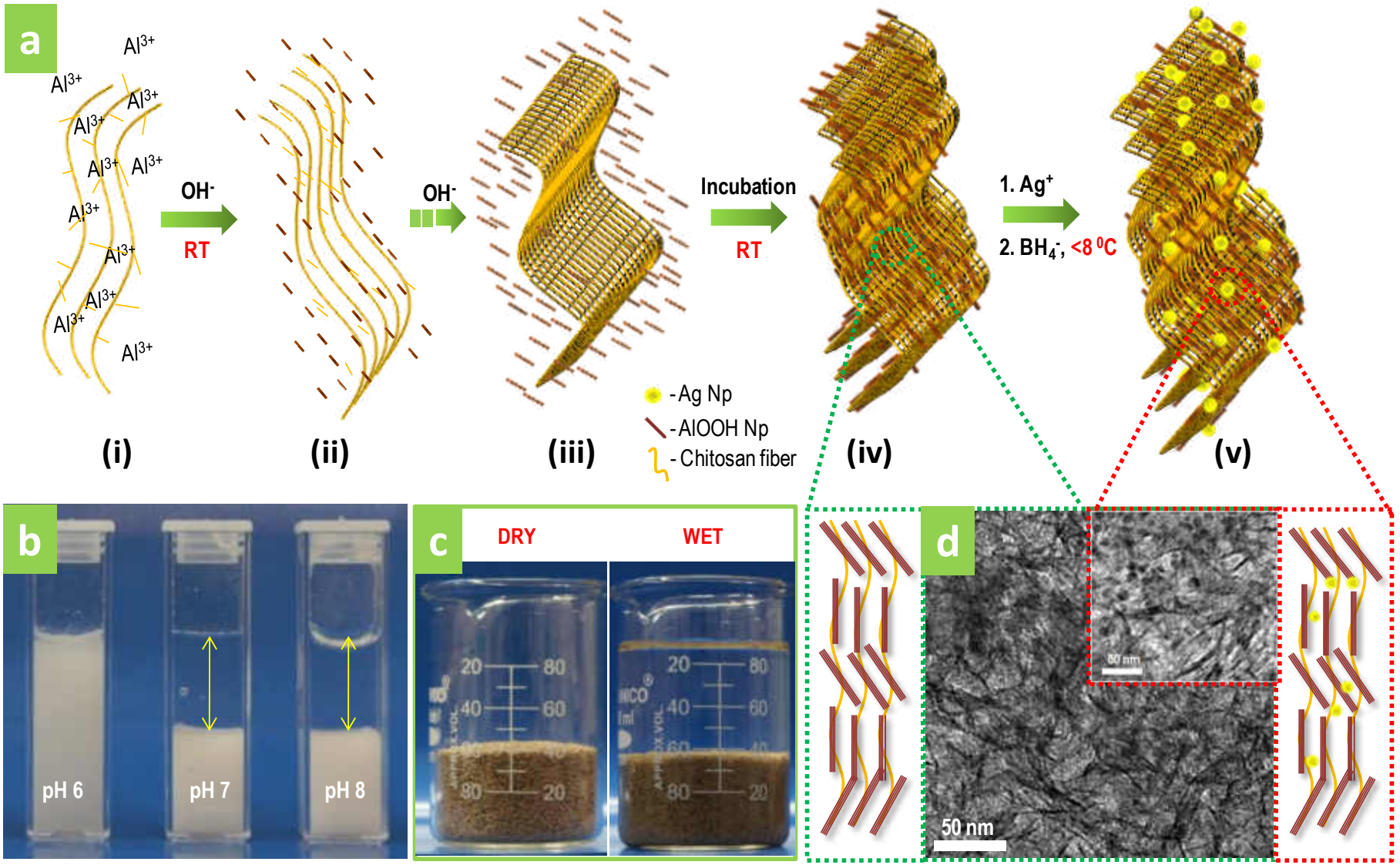
Creation of affordable materials for constant
water is one of the most promising ways to p
drinking water for all. Combining the capa
composites to scavenge toxic species such
other contaminants along with the above c
affordable, all-inclusive drinking water purif
without electricity. The critical problem in
synthesis of stable materials that can relea
uously in the presence of complex specie
drinking water that deposit and cause scal
surfaces. Here we show that such constant
be synthesized in a simple and effective fashio
out the use of electrical power. The nanocor
sand-like properties, such as higher shear stre
forms. These materials have been used to d
water purifier to deliver clean drinking water
ily. The ability to prepare nanostructured c
ambient temperature has wide relevance f
water purification.

ble; and (*c*) continued retention
ix is difficult.
unique family of nanocrystalline
nular composite materials pre-
through an aqueous route. The
ition is attributed to abundant -O-
hitosan, which help in the crys-
and also ensure strong covalent
ace to the matrix. X-ray photo-
lrms that the composition is rich
sing hyperspectral imaging, the
g in the water was confirmed.
activate the silver nanoparticle
timicrobial activity in drinking
have been developed that can
water. We demonstrate an af-
e based on such composites de-
dergoing field trials in India, as
d eradication of the waterborne

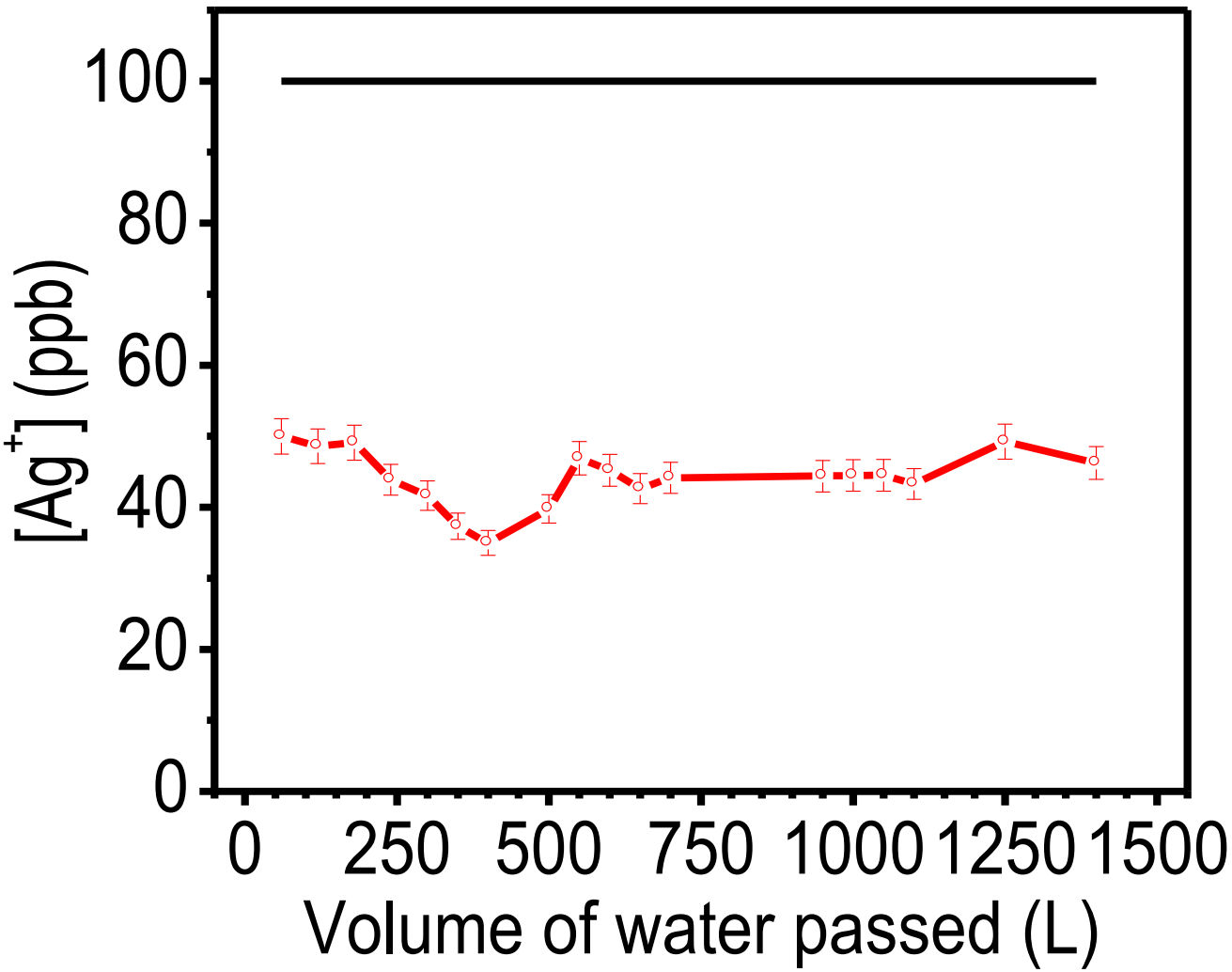
hybrid | green | appropriate technology | frugal science | developing world

M. Udhaya Sankar, et. al. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci.,* 110 (2013) 8459-8464.

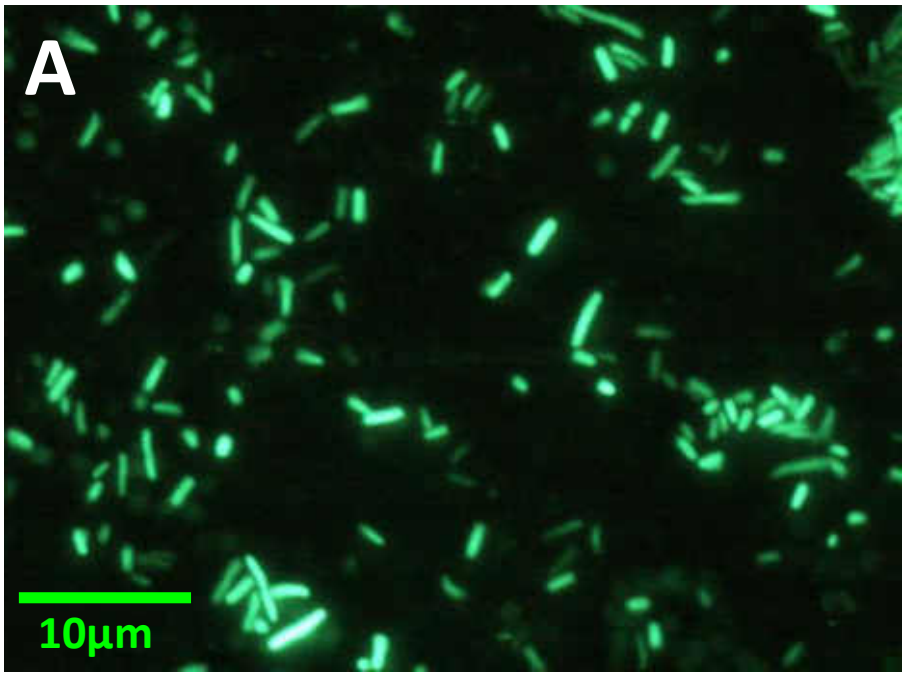
How to make?

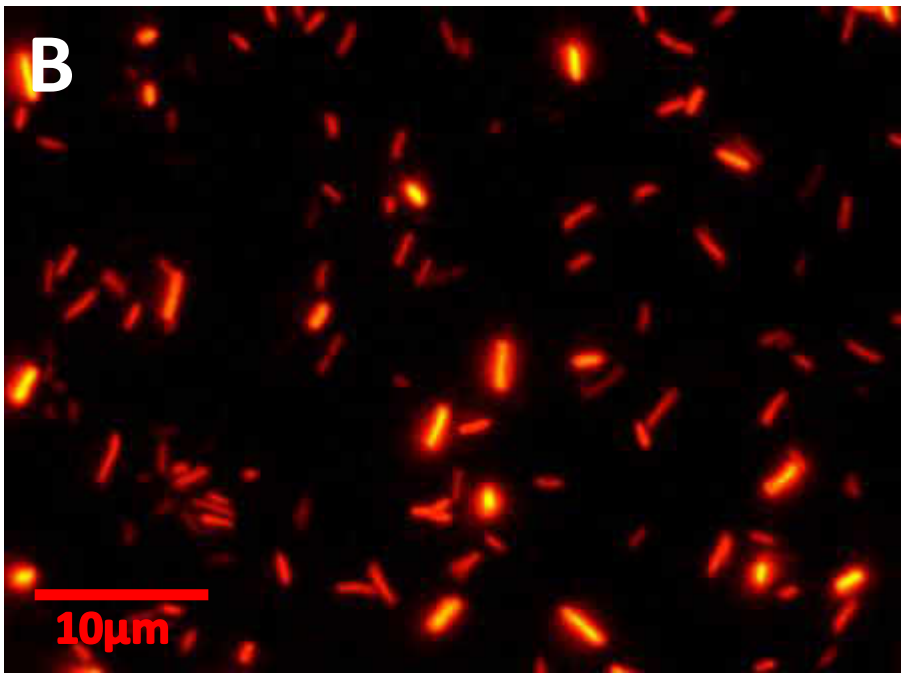

a
Al3+
OH-
RT
OH-
Incubation
RT
1. Ag+
2. BH4-, <8 0C
- Ag Np
- AlOOH Np
- Chitosan fiber
(i)
(ii)
(iii)
(iv)
(v)
b
pH 6
pH 7
pH 8
c
DRY
WET
d
50 nm

What is special?

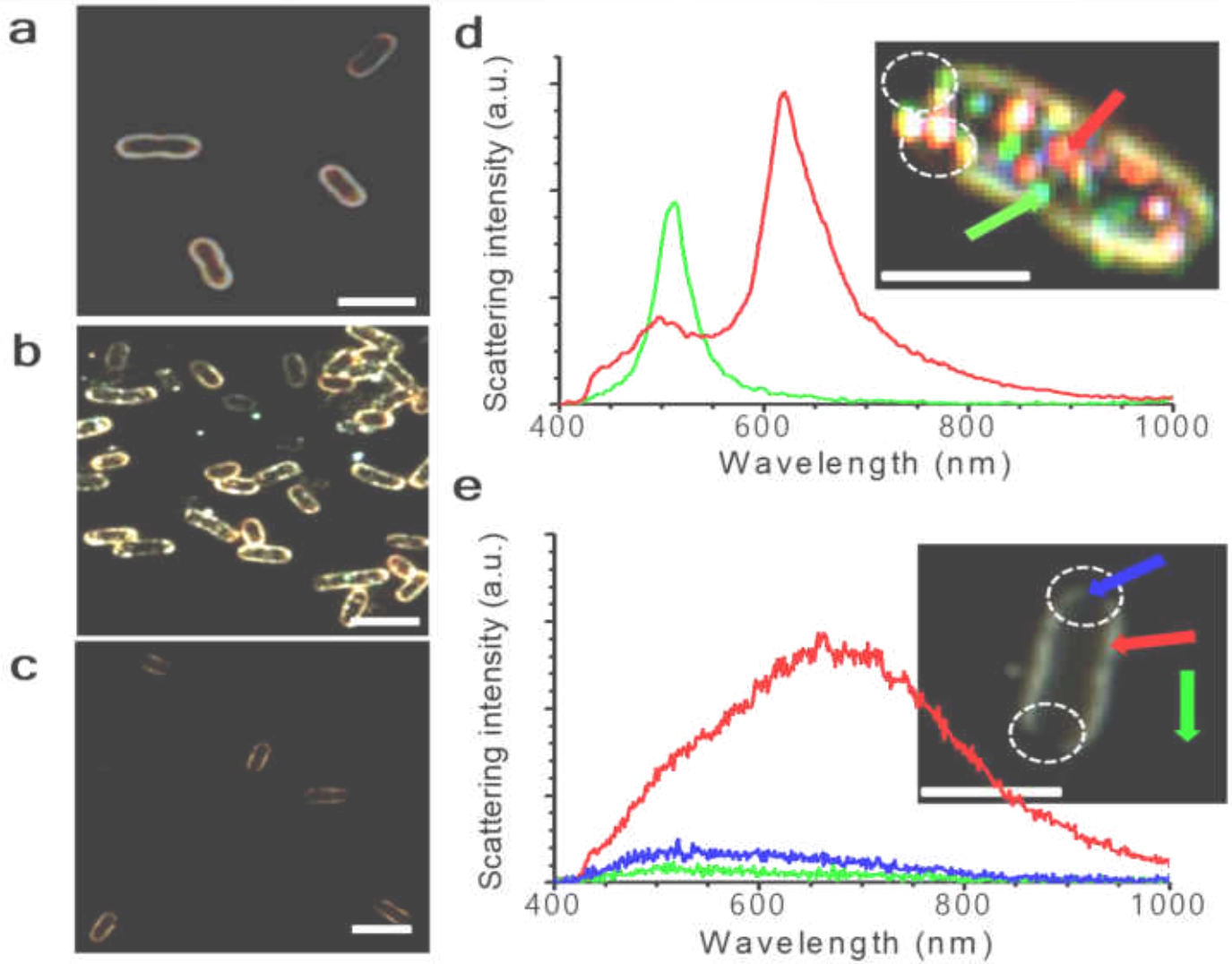


Live/dead staining experiments

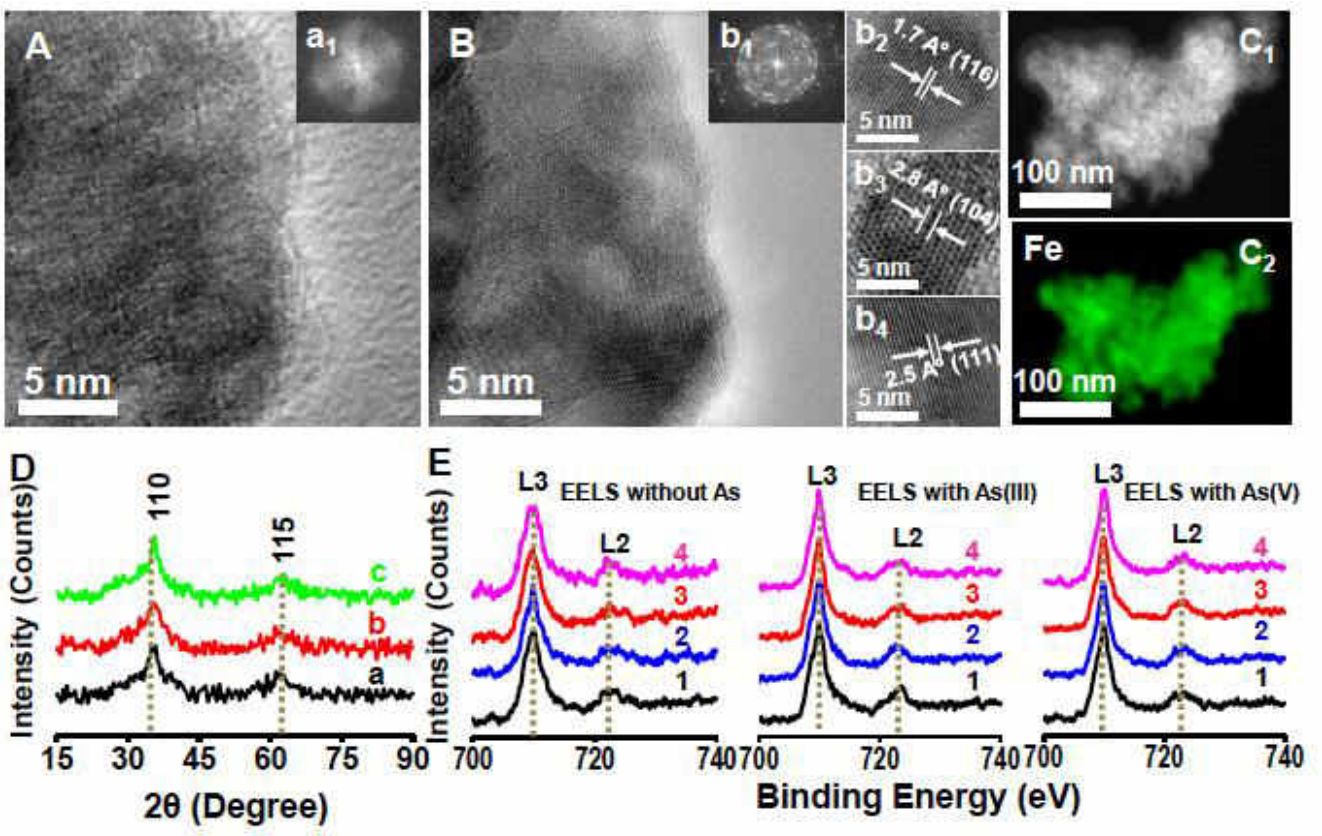




No nanotoxicity



Variety of materials



www.advmat.de
ADVANCED MATERIALS

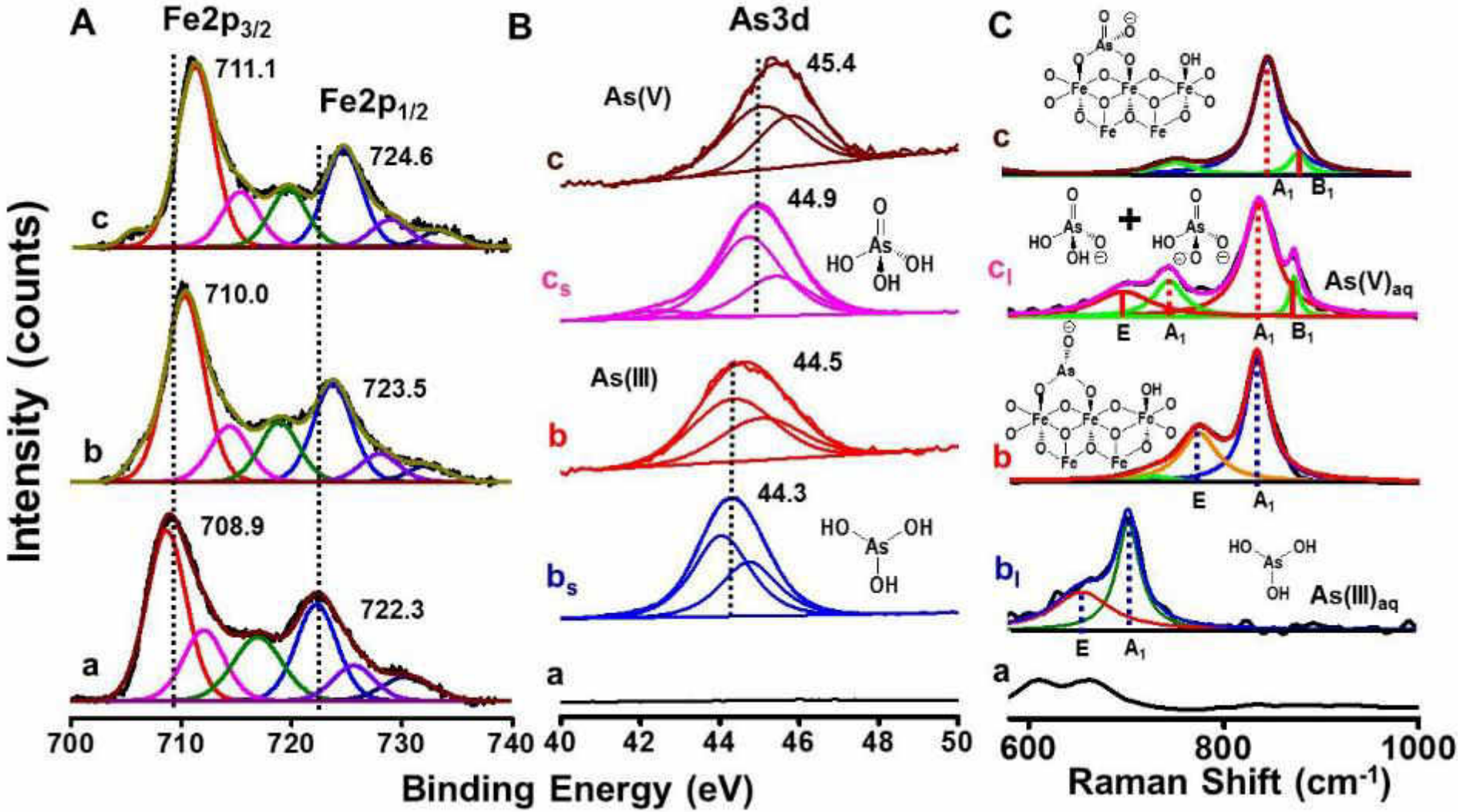
Confined Metastable 2-Line Ferrihydrite for Affordable Point-of-Use Arsenic Free Drinking Water

By Avula Anil Kumar, Anirban Som, Paolo Longo, Chennu Sudhakar, Radha Gobinda Bhuin, Soujit Sen Gupta, Anshup, Mohan Udhaya Sankar, Amrita Chaudhary, Ramesh Kumar, and T. Pradeep*

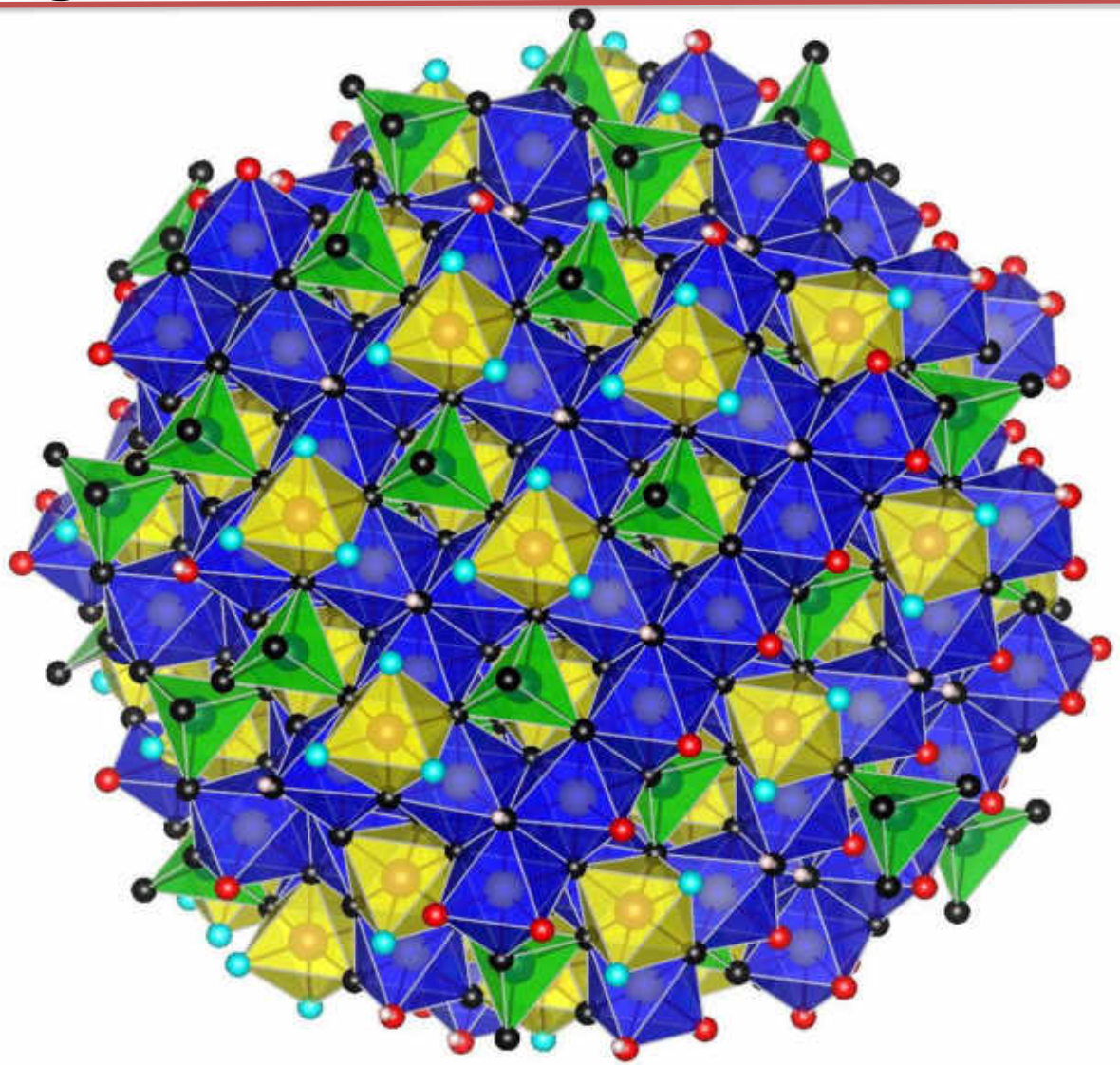
Communication

A. Anil Kumar, et. al. *Adv. Mater.*, 29 (2016) 1604260.

Mechanism

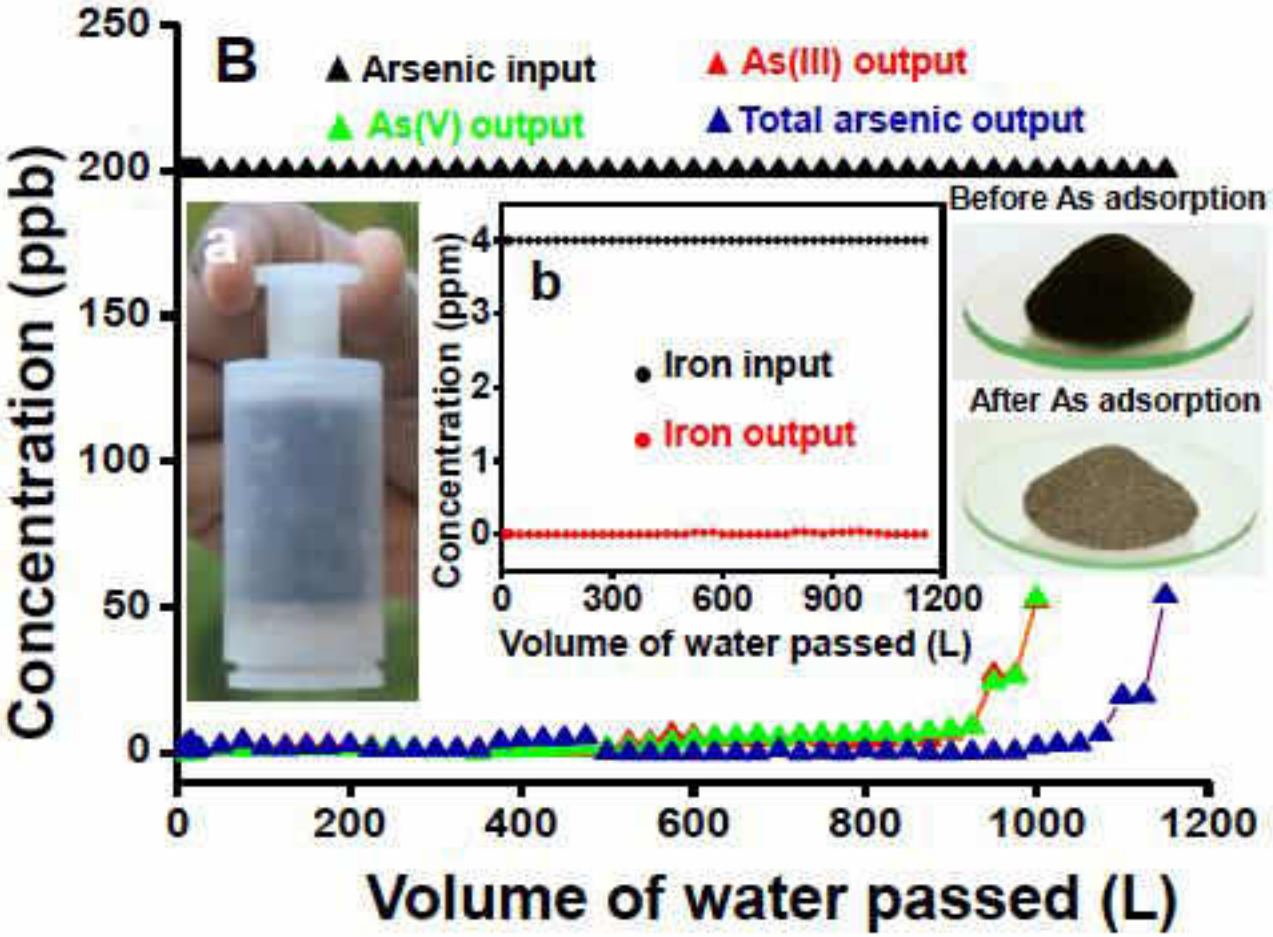

A
Fe2p3/2
711.1
Fe2p1/2
724.6
c
710.0
723.5
b
708.9
722.3
a
Intensity (counts)
700
710
720
730
740
B
As3d
As(V)
45.4
c
44.9
cs
As(III)
44.5
b
44.3
bs
a
40
42
44
46
48
50
Binding Energy (eV)
C
c
A1
B1
cl
As(V)aq
E
A1
A1
B1
b
E
A1
bl
As(III)aq
E
A1
a
600
800
1000
Raman Shift (cm-1)

Modeling surfaces



Chennu Sudhakar, et al. *ACS Sustainable Chemistry & Engineering*, 6 (2018) 9990-10000

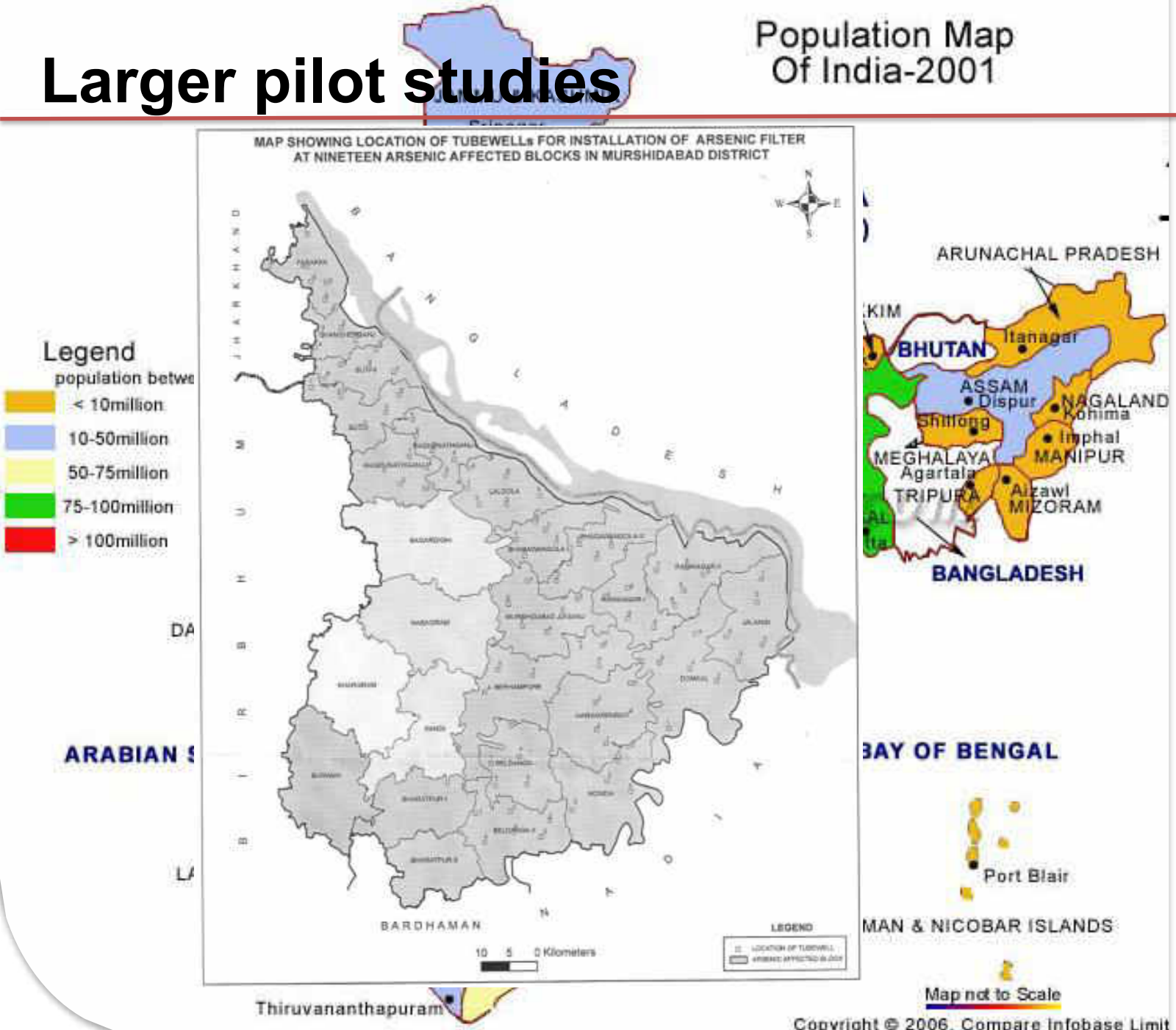
Lab studies



A. Anil Kumar, et. al. *Adv. Mater.*, 29 (2016) 1604260.

Initial pilot studies

Larger pilot studies



Changing the dynamics in the field

- Existing unit for iron and arsenic removal – 20 m^3/h
- Uses activated alumina and iron oxide (old generation of adsorbents)

- Existing unit for iron and arsenic removal – 18 m^3/h
- Uses iron oxyhydroxide (new generation of adsorbents)
- Input arsenic concentration: 168 ppb
- Output arsenic concentration: 2 ppb

Completed 3 years maintenance (stipulated: 2 years)
for 330 bamboo unit project in Nadia, WB

Minimum uptime: 91%, Maximum: 98%
Only 4/330 have reported arsenic above 10 ppb
Benefiting over 100,000 children and villagers

Glimpse of Installed units (330 nos)

Implementation - From 25 KLD to 1 MLD

Large water supply schemes

Capacity: above 1 MLD

5 schemes in use across India

Retrofitted Water Purification Plant

Capacity: 0.1-1 MLD

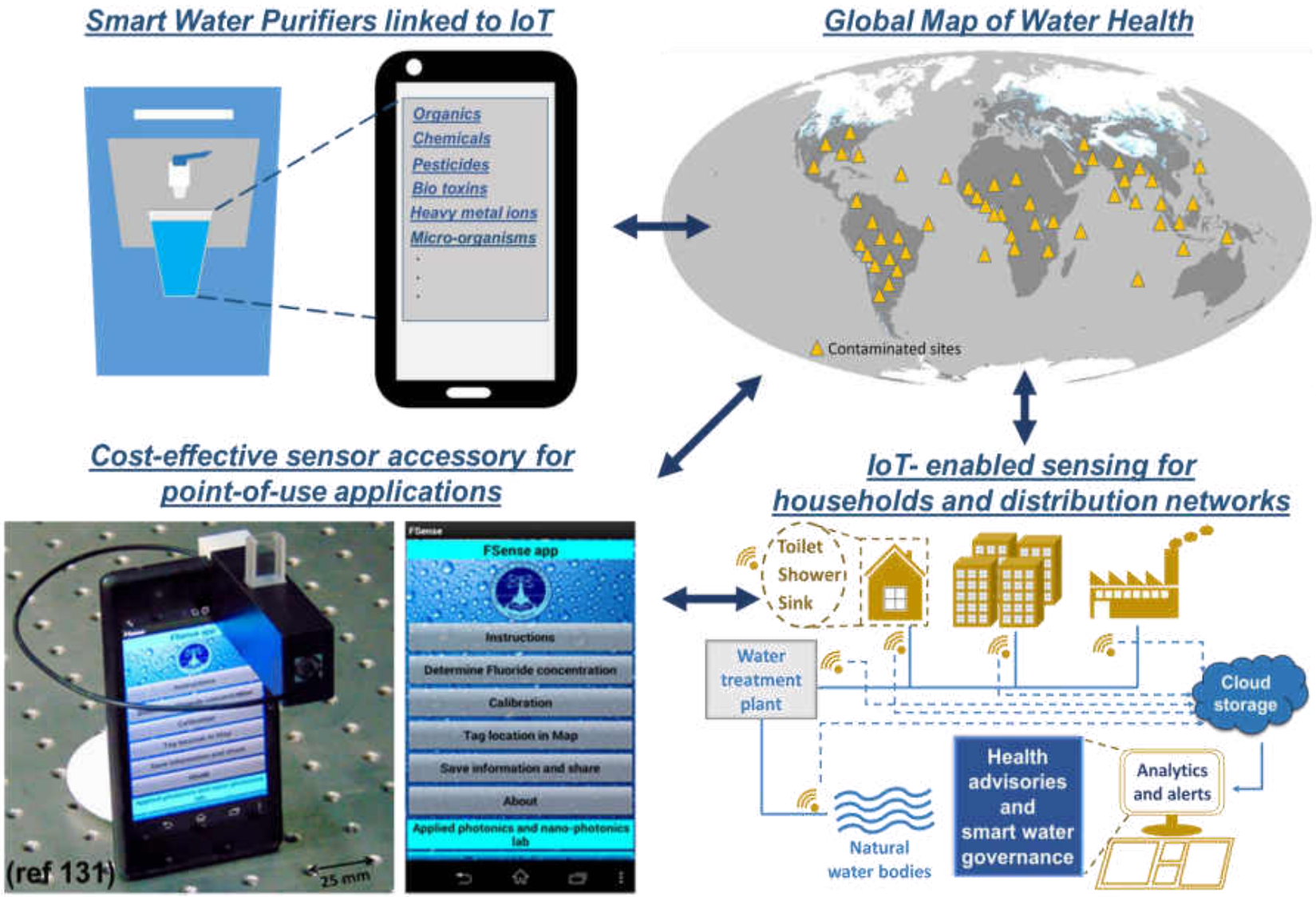
Over 180 units in use across India

Cleanwater at 2.1 paise per litre!

Calculation for the Tariff to be collected for treated water (Revision if Required)

Sr.No.	Item/Description	Cost / Quantity	Remarks
	Design population	1,071	Plant capacity/70 LPCD
1	Cost of Replacement of Iron removal media	56400	After minimum two years if Iron concentration is more than 5 ppm. But iron concentration is more than 5 ppm at only two to three places. Therefore media may work for 3 years also.
2	Cost of Replacement of Arsenic removal media	978660	After minimum two years if Arsenic concentration is more than 100 ppb. But arsenic concentration is more than 100 ppb at only two to three places. Therefore media may work for 3 years also.
3	Cost of replacement of Activated Carbon	28560	
4	Total cost of Replacement of media	1063620	After minimum two years.
5	Total cost of Replacement of media for one year	531810	
6	Plant capacity	75000	ltr per day
7	Design population	1,071	Plant capacity/70 LPCD
8	Cost per litr of water	2.1 Paise per ltr	0.025 cents
9	Cost of replacement of media	**1.36**	Rs. per head per day =Media replacement cost per year/365/Design population
		40.80	per head per month for 70 LPCD water

Smart water purifiers and big data



Ankit Nagar and T. Pradeep 14(2020). *ACS Nano*, 6420-6435

Waste management

Adsorbents conform to toxicity characteristic leaching procedure

Elemental waste goes back to local environment

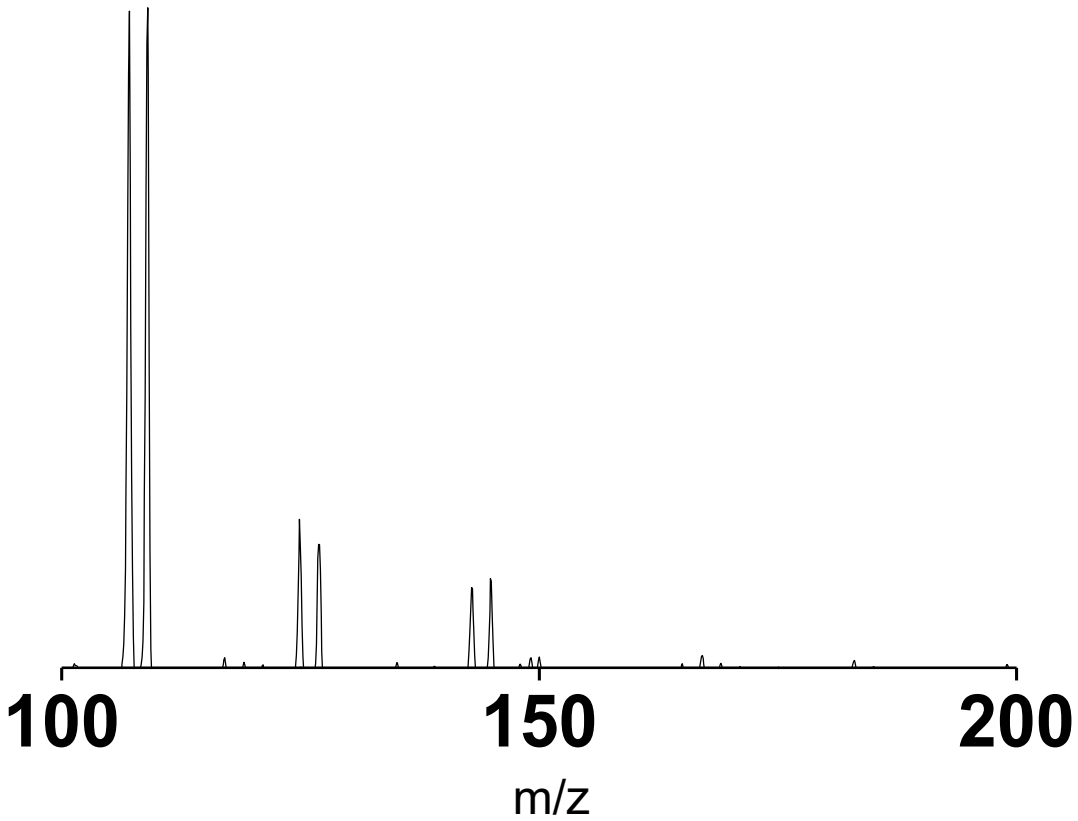
Safe disposal of arsenic (or any other) laden waste

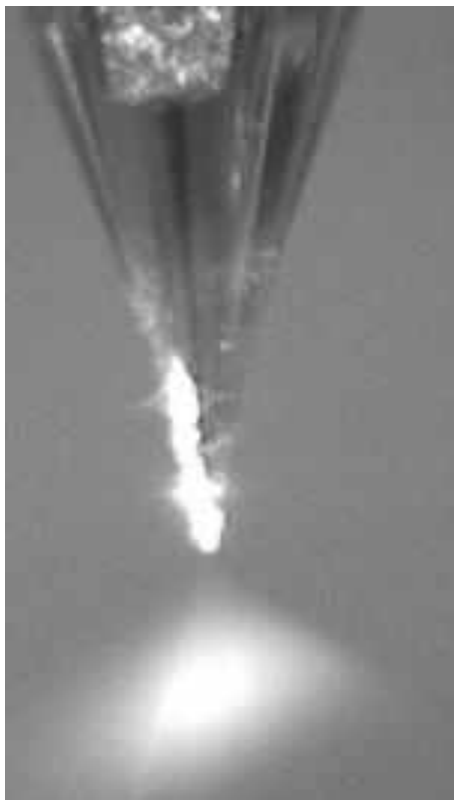
Additional protection could be considered, if necessary

Exploring viable uses

Across the country

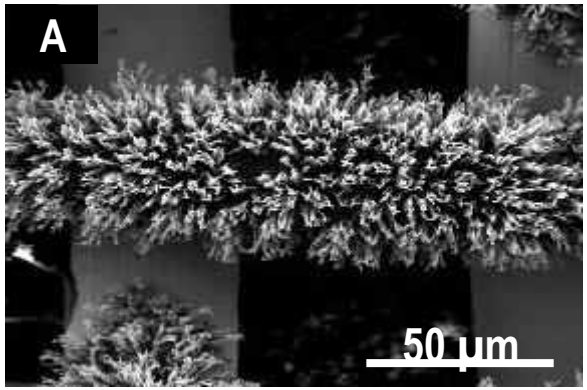
Atmospheric water harvesting

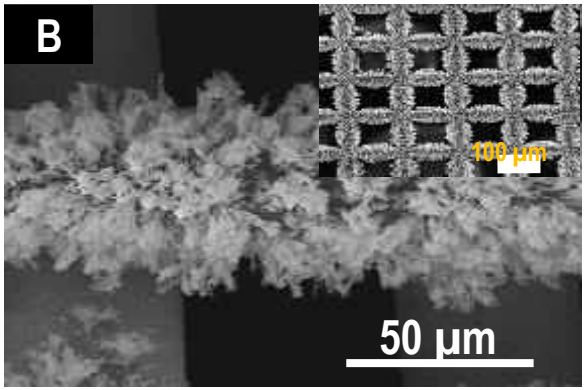


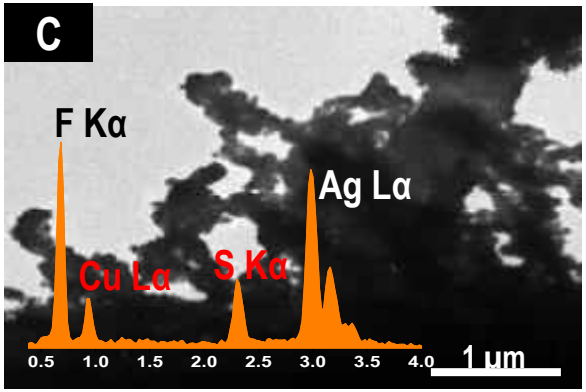


New harvesters

Depanjan Sarkar, et. al. *Advanced Materials*, 28 (11), 2016.

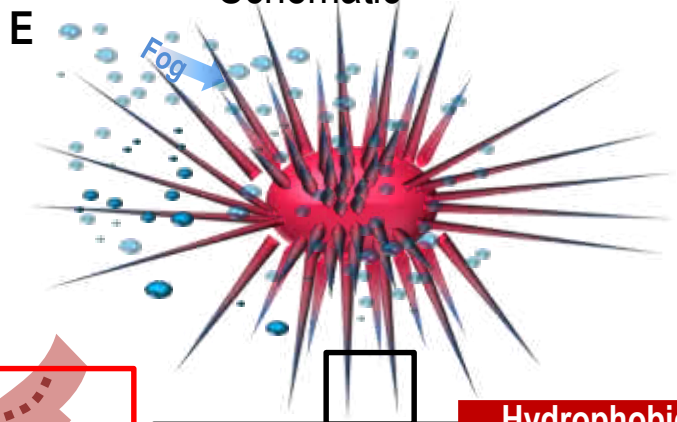




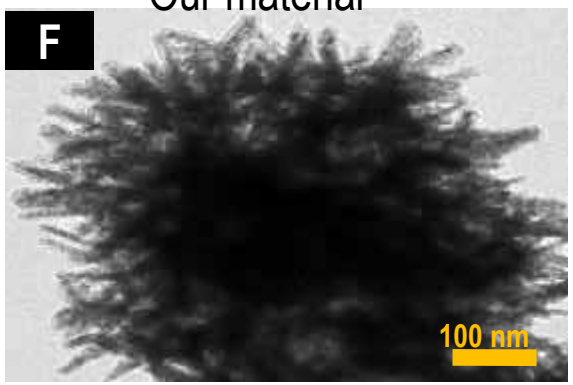


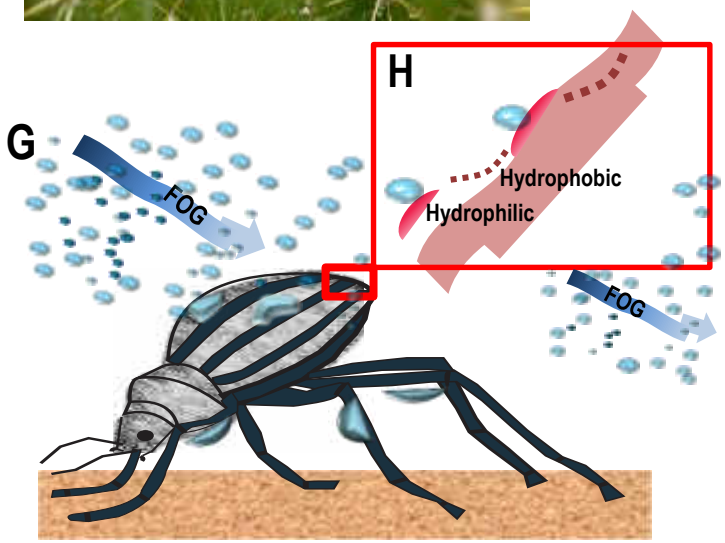
Nature

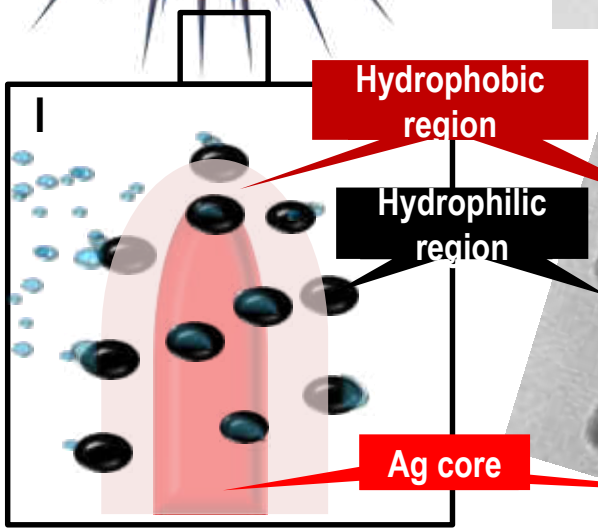
Schematic



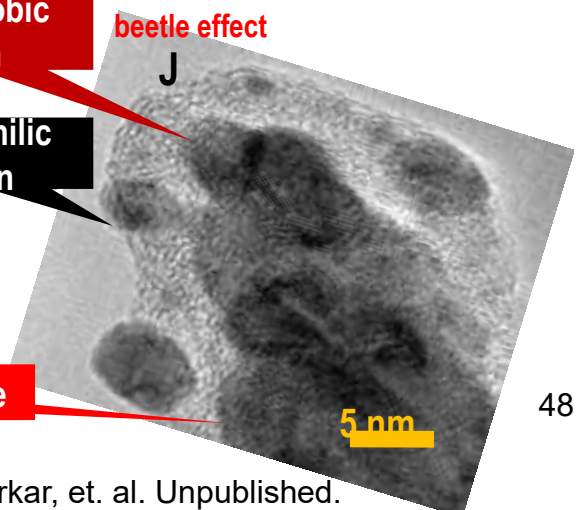
Our material



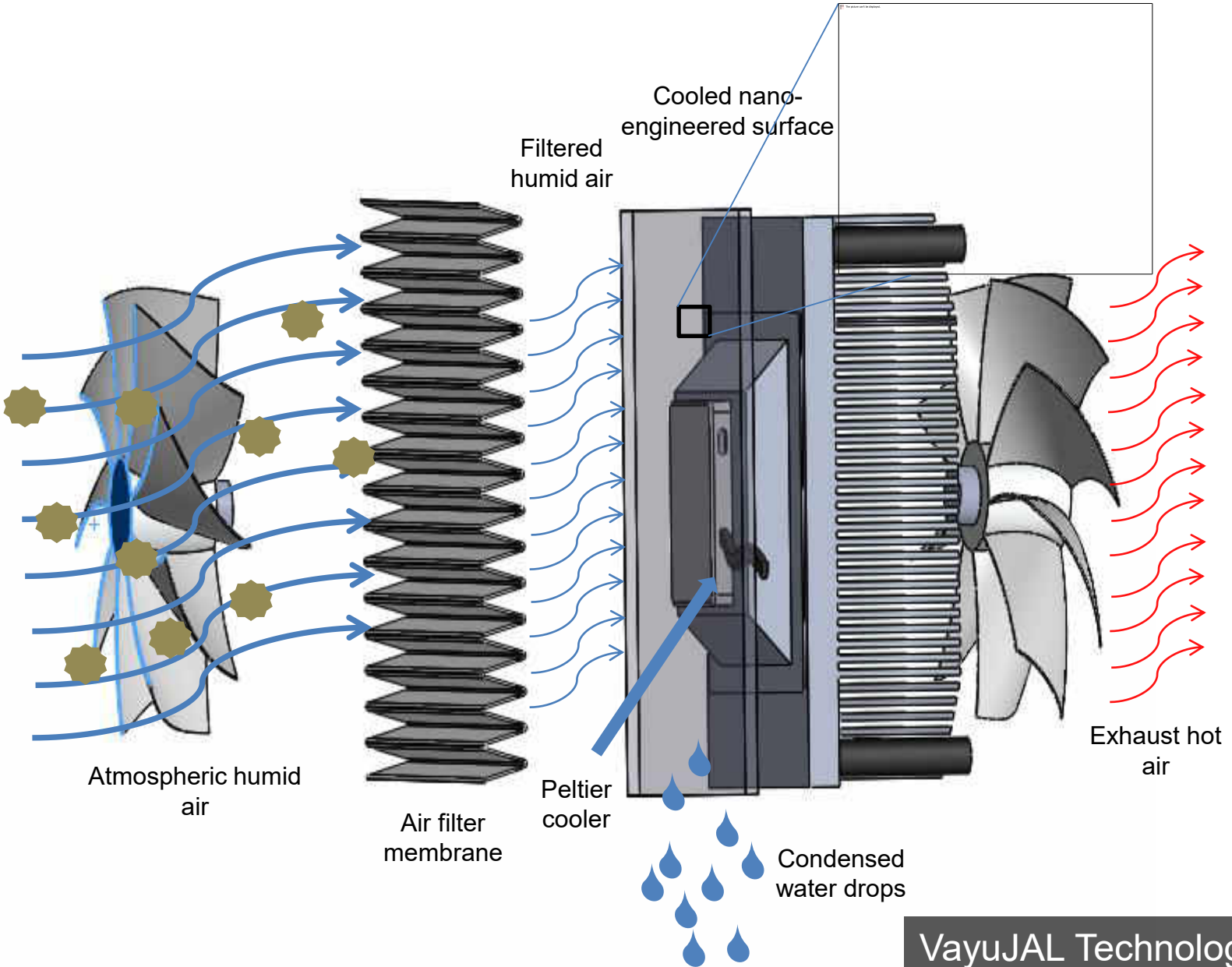




Combination of cactus and Namib desert beetle effect



Depanjan Sarkar, et. al. Unpublished.



VayuJAL Technologies Pvt. Ltd.

Ramesh Kumar Soni and Ankit Nagar

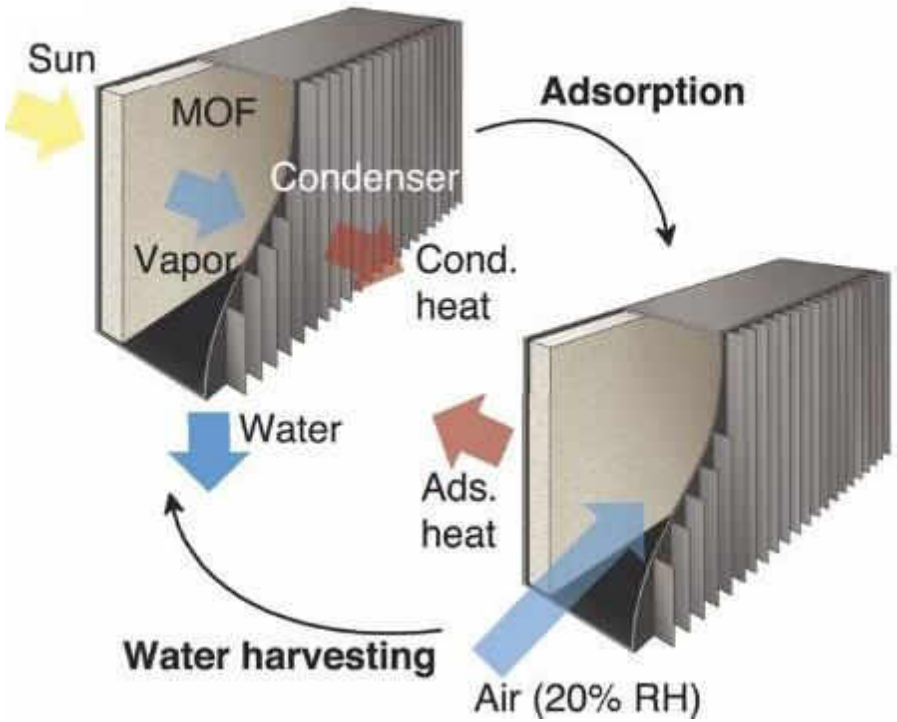
Products in the field

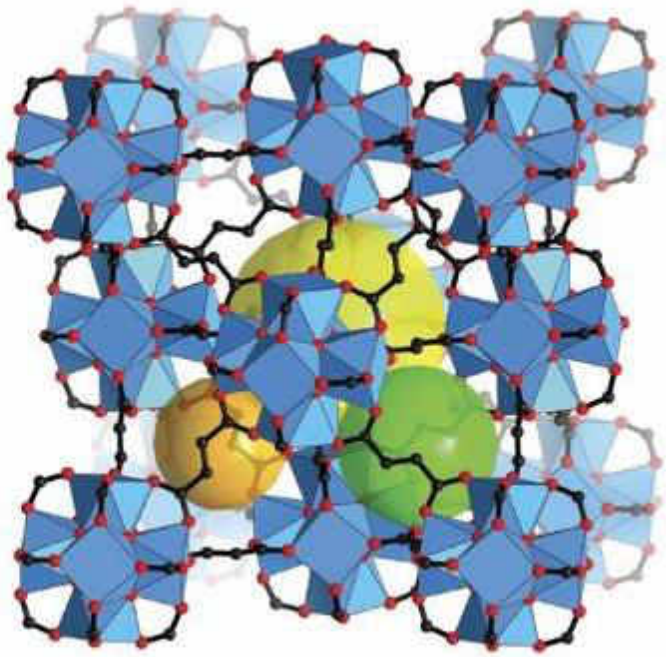
35 LPD 120 LPD 400 LPD 1000 LPD 2000 LPD

(LPD: Litres per day)

Sustainable atmospheric water harvesting

Solar- heat-enabled atmospheric water capture at a relative humidity as low as 20%

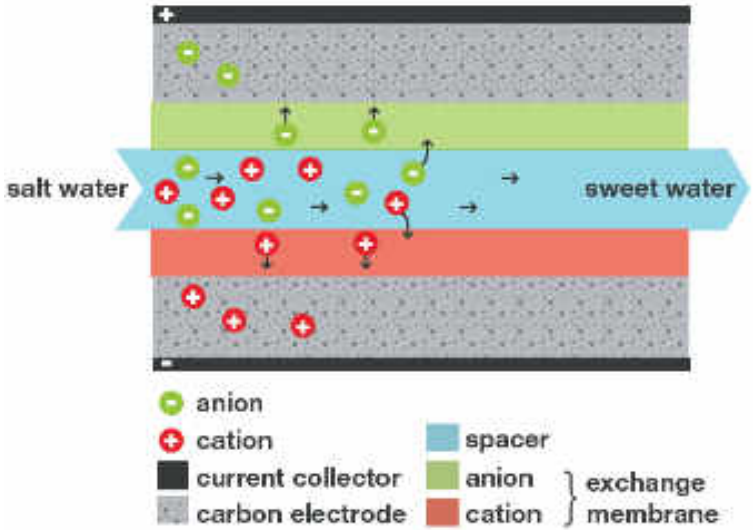


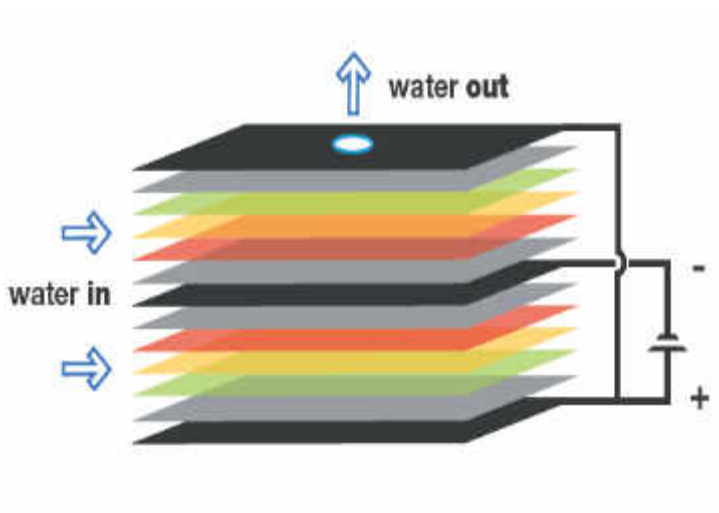


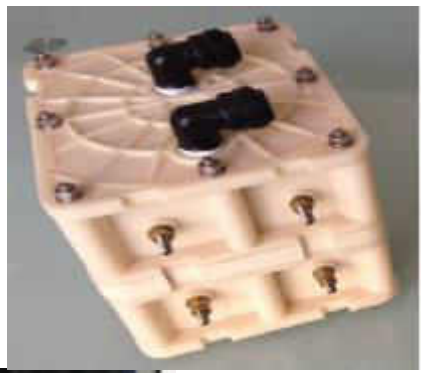
Porous metal-organic framework (MOF-801, $Zr_6O_4(OH)_4(fumarate)_6$)

Kim Hyunho, et al. *Science,* 356 (6336) 2017

Capacitive Desalination (CDI)



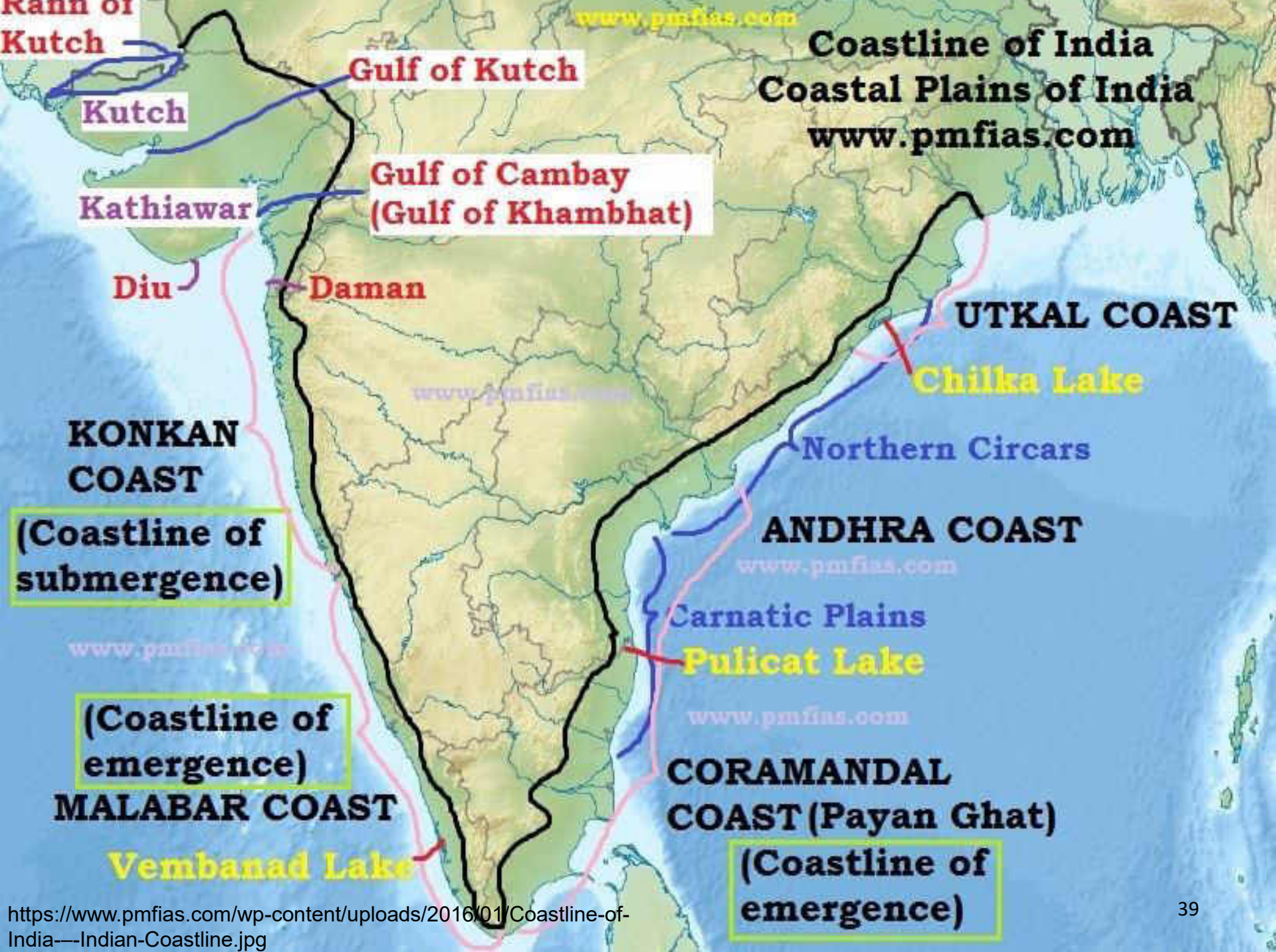




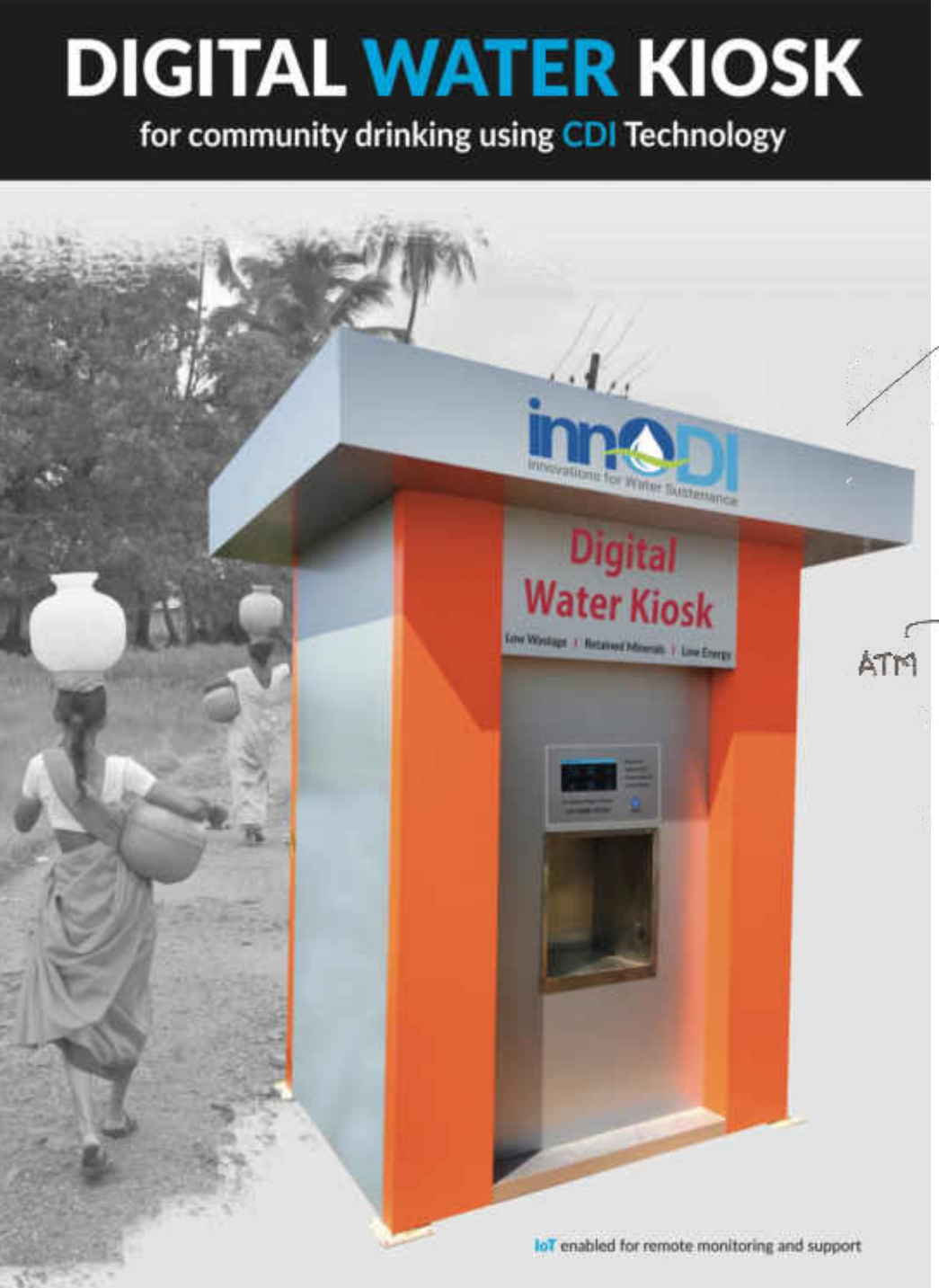
innODI

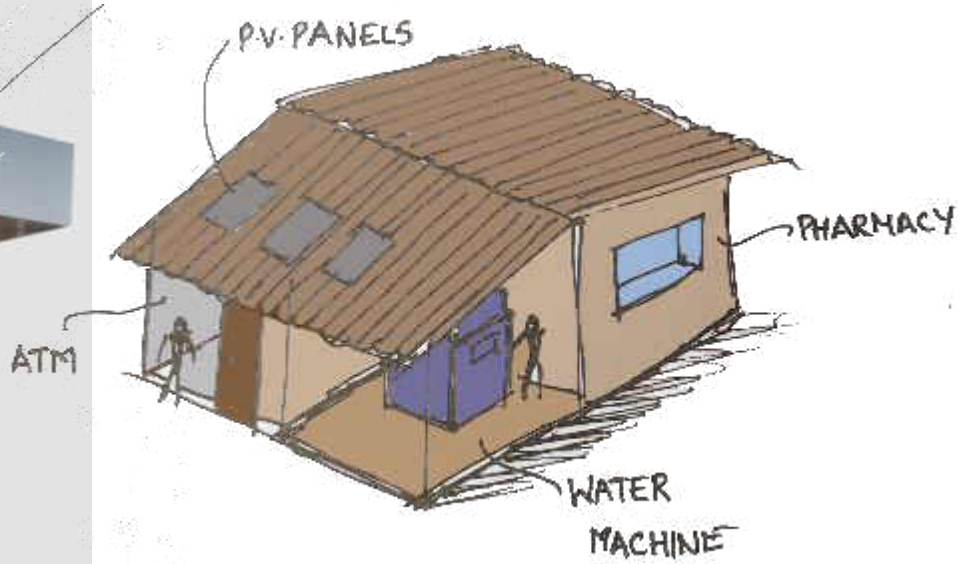
Our new company

Soujit Sengupta, Rabiul Islam and others



https://www.pmfias.com/wp-content/uploads/2016/01/Coastline-of-India-–-Indian-Coastline.jpg

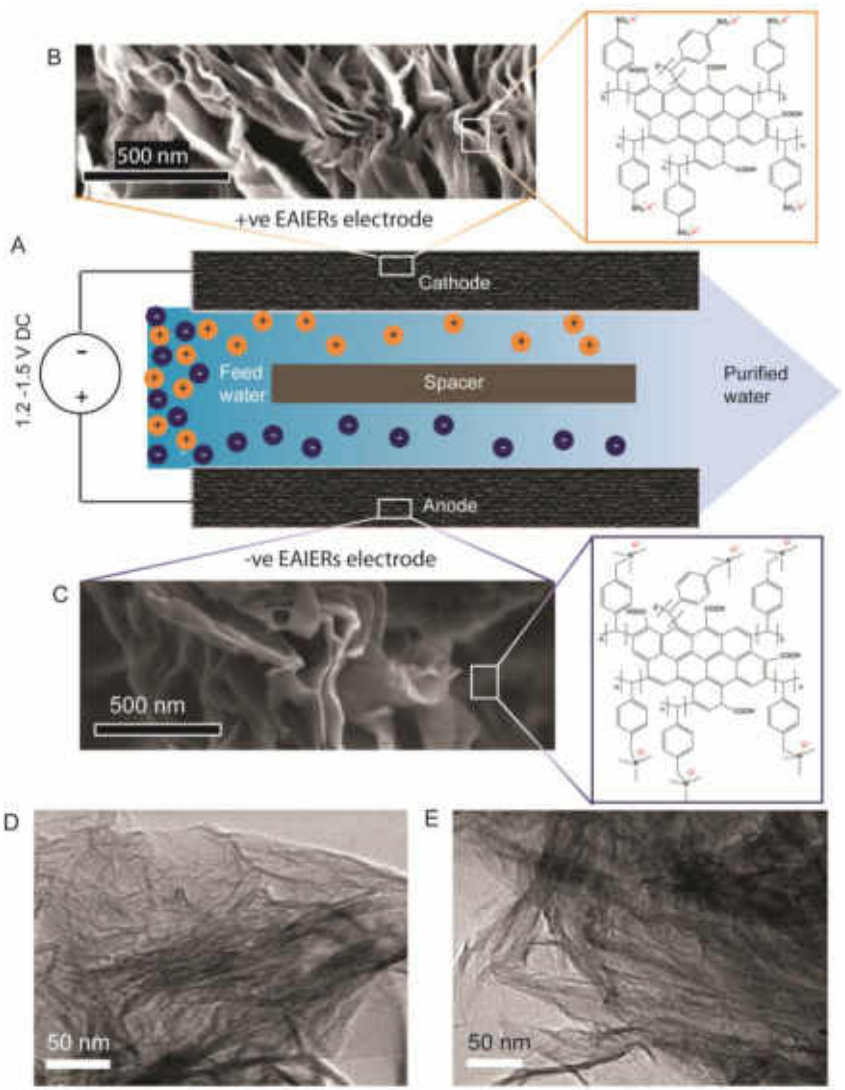




Products under implementation

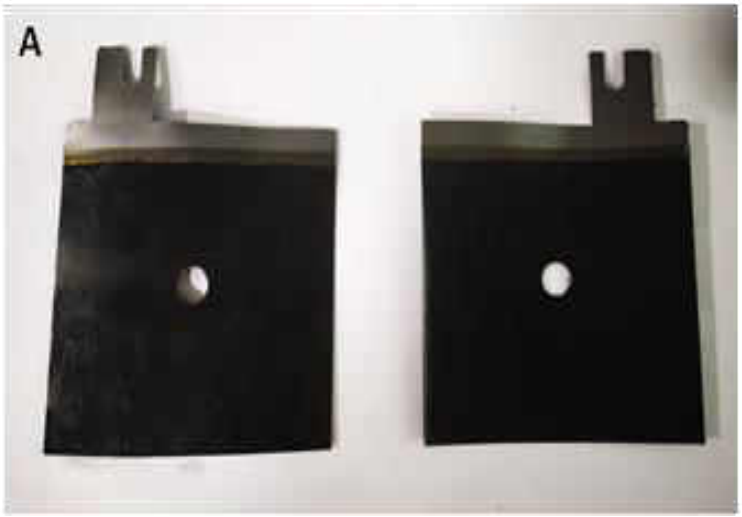
Vijay Sampath and Tullio Servida

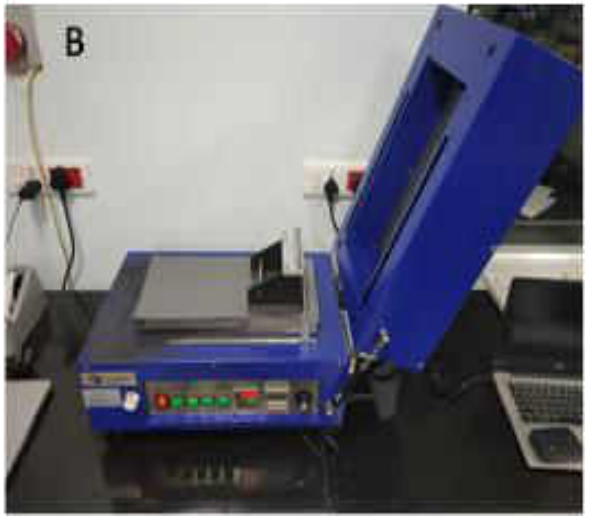
A Covalently Integrated Reduced Graphene Oxide -Ion Exchange Resin Electrode for Efficient CDI

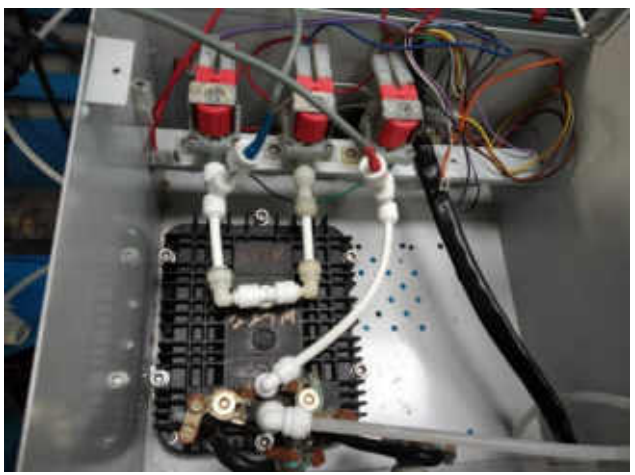


Rabiul *et al., Adv. Mater. Interfaces* **2021**, *8,* 2001998

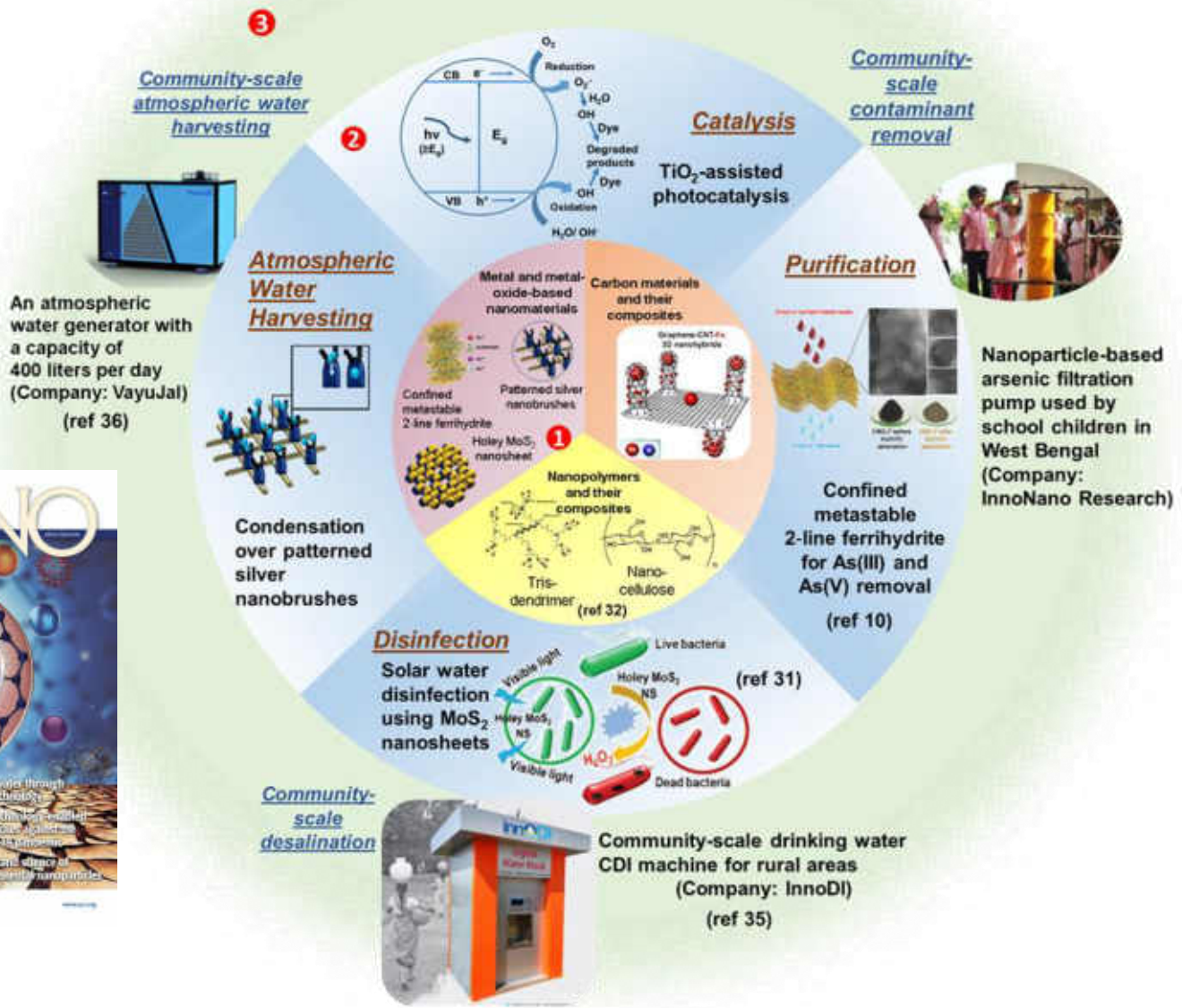
Various stages of electrode preparation





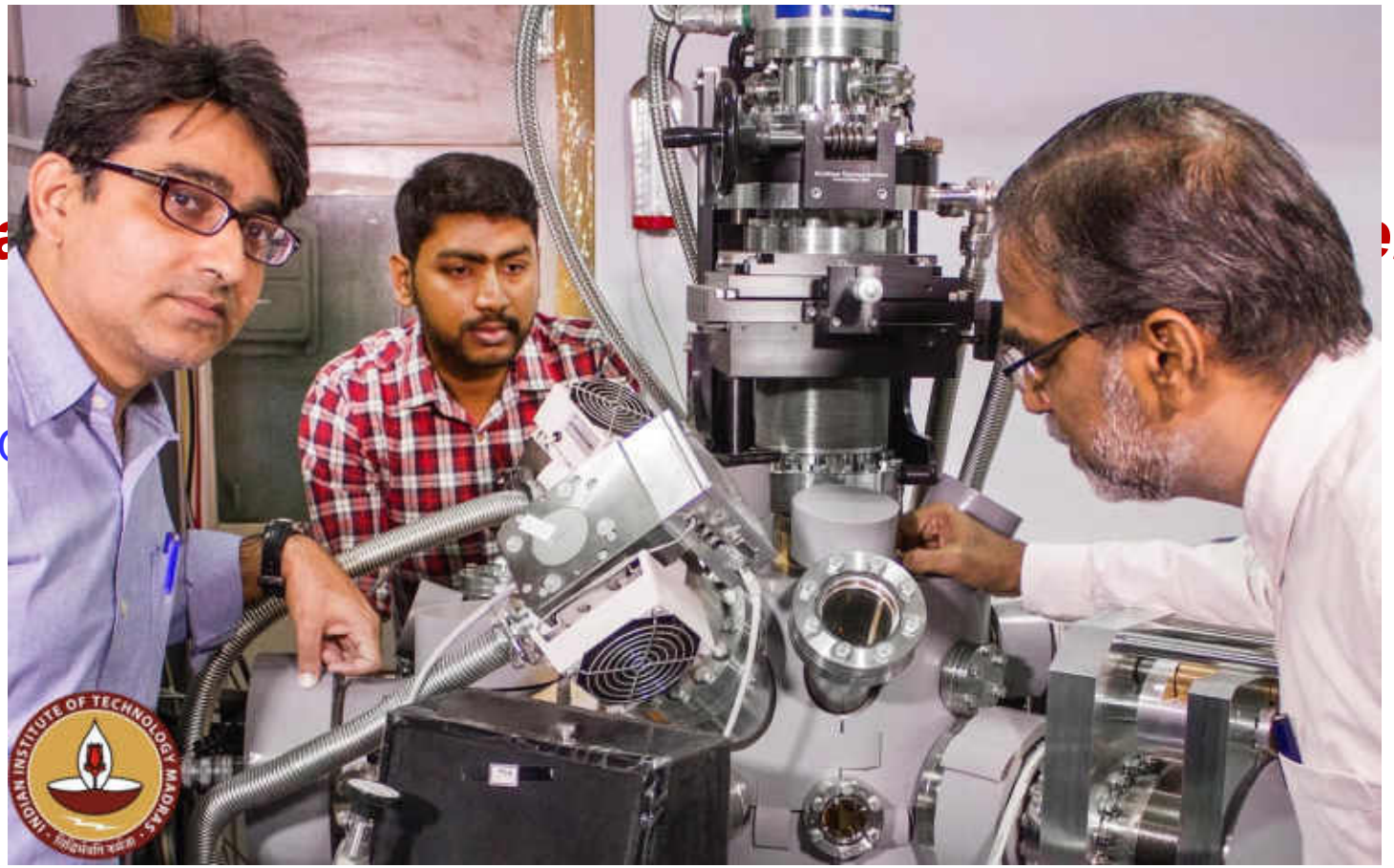


Evolution of materials to products



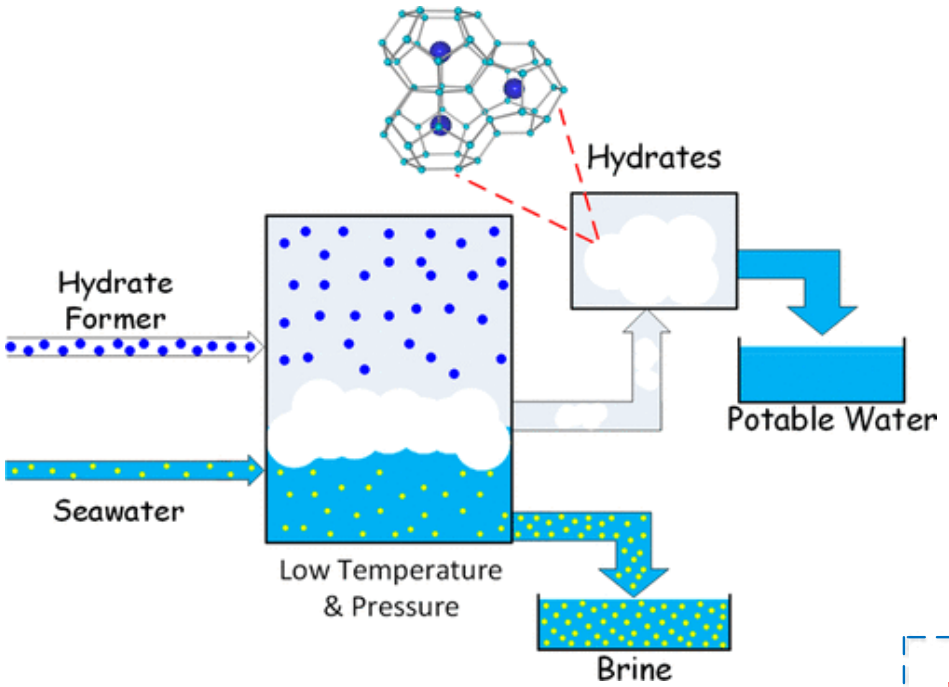
Ankit Nagar and T. Pradeep 14(2020). *ACS Nano*, 6420-6435

New phenomena



With Rajnish Kumar

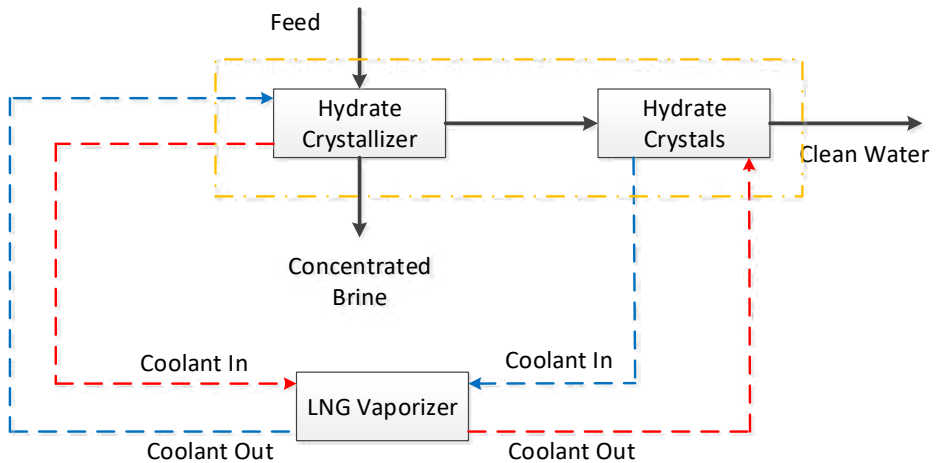
Hydrate-based desalination (HyDesal)



HyDesal process advantages

- ✓ Salts get occluded
- ✓ No chemical reaction, recovery of water is very easy
- ✓ Hydrates consist of 85% water and rest guest gas
- ✓ Not sensitive to impurities or salt concentration

Water dissociated from hydrate is pure



Cold Energy in LNG terminals can be harvested to produce water

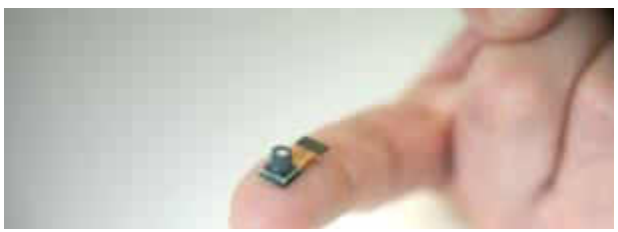
Babu et al. ACS Sustainable Chemistry and Engineering (2018), 6 (7), 8093-8107

Slide from Prof. Praveen Linga, NUS

Sensors and new opportunities

Analog/Grating
Equipment
$ 5~6 Billion (2017)
a few **100k units (2017)**

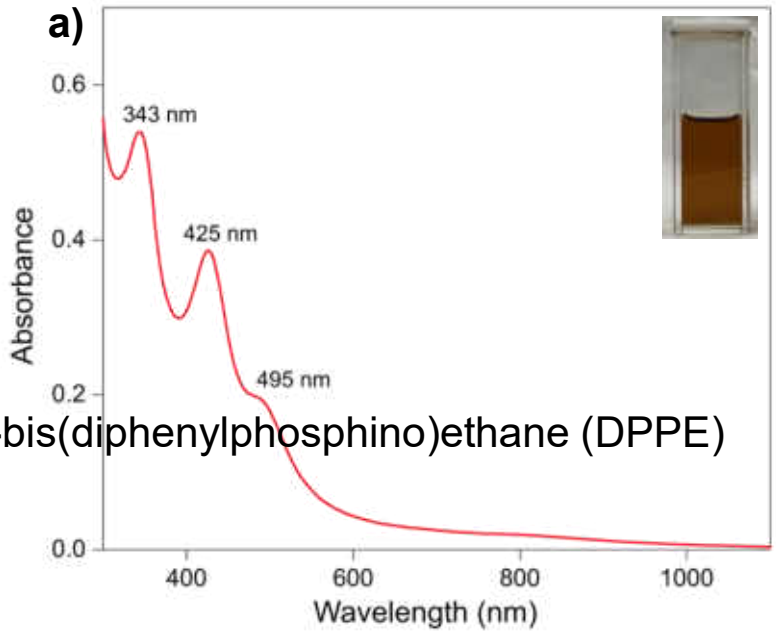
Ultra compact Low Cost
Spectral Sensor Module
~ Billions units (? 2027)



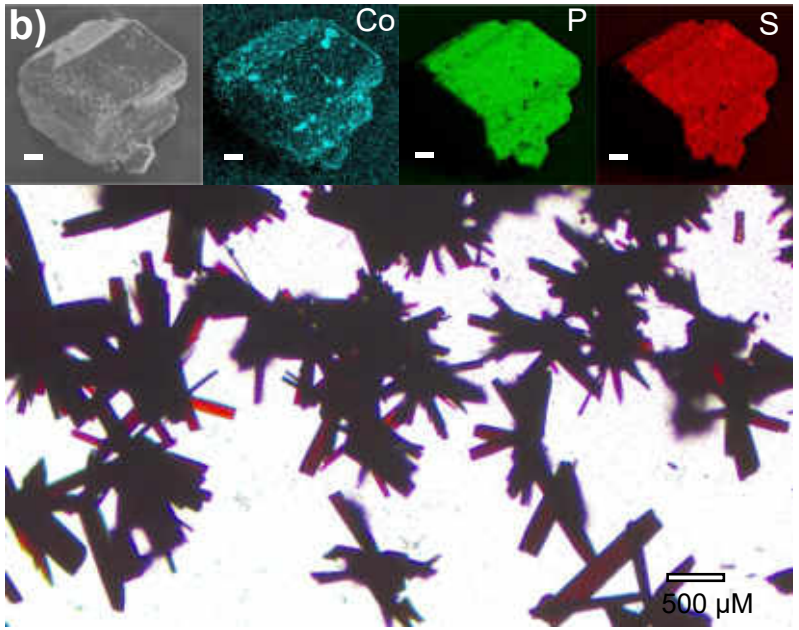
Water quality measurement – In the pipeline

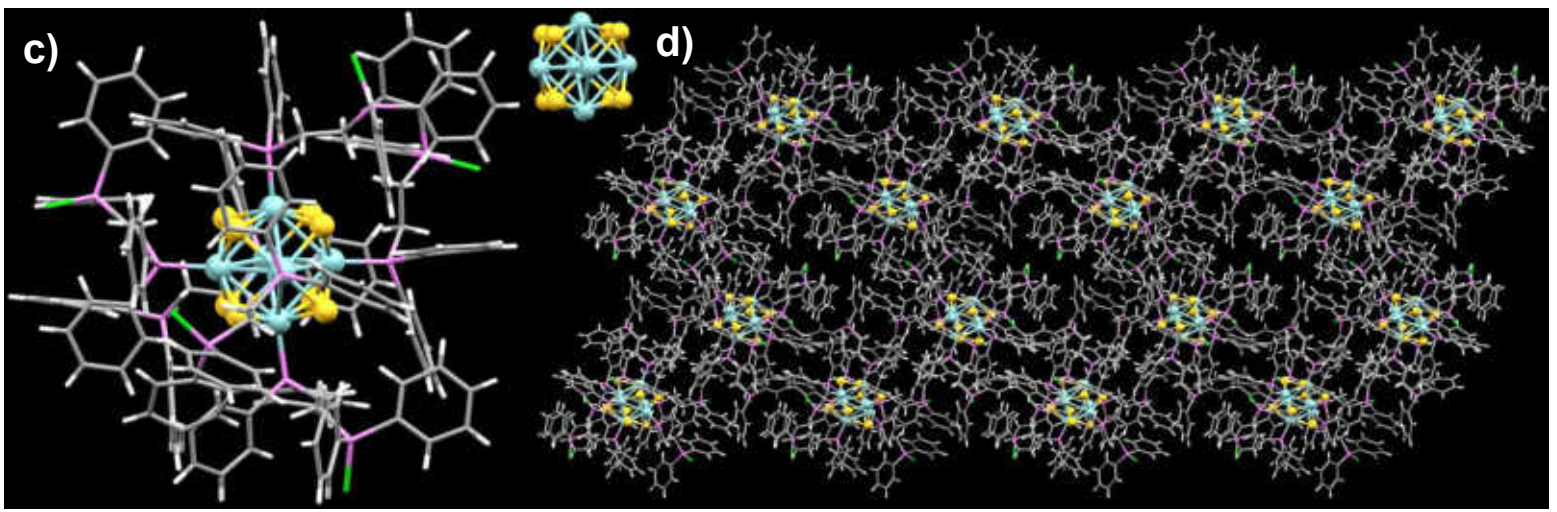
nanoλ

New electrodes - Aligned nanoplates of Co_6S_8

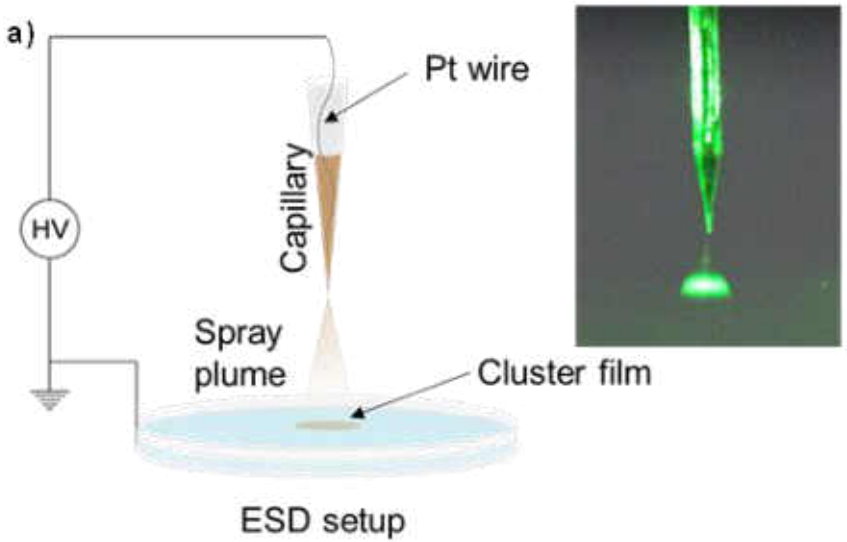


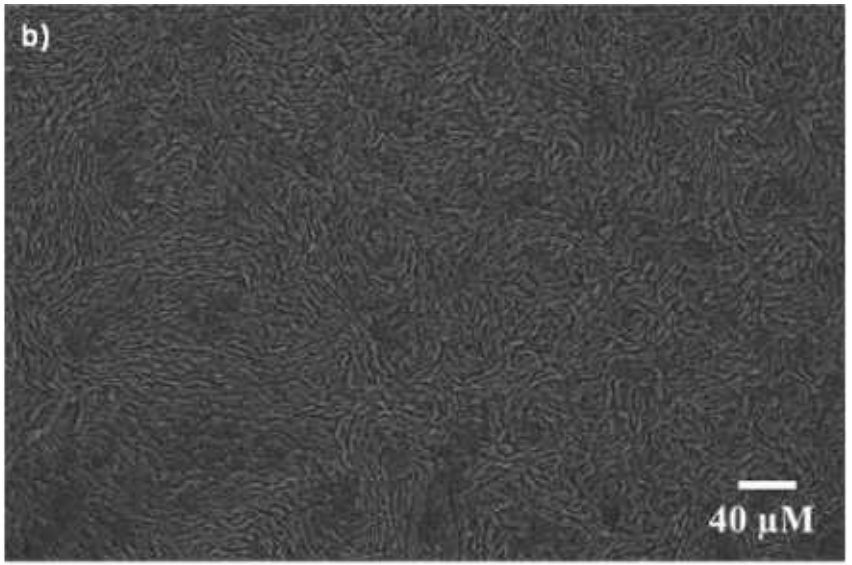
1,2-bis(diphenylphosphino)ethane (DPPE)

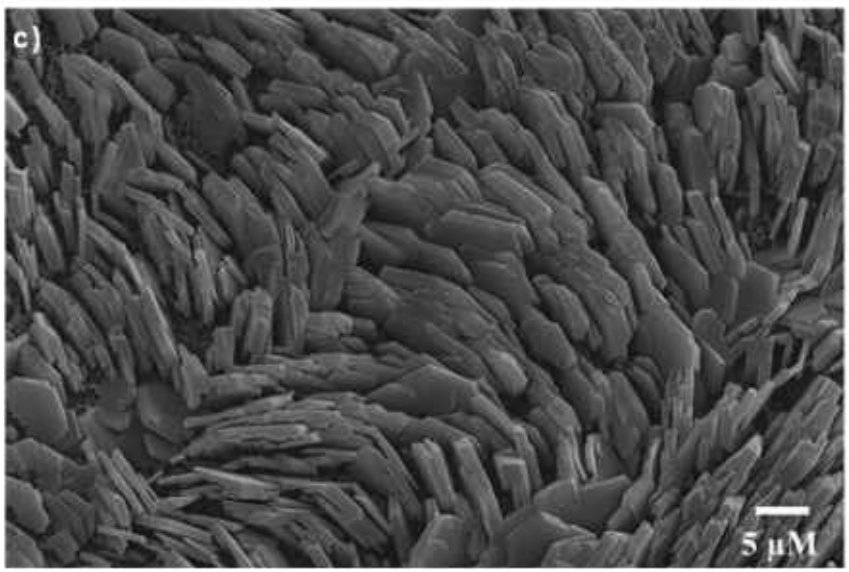


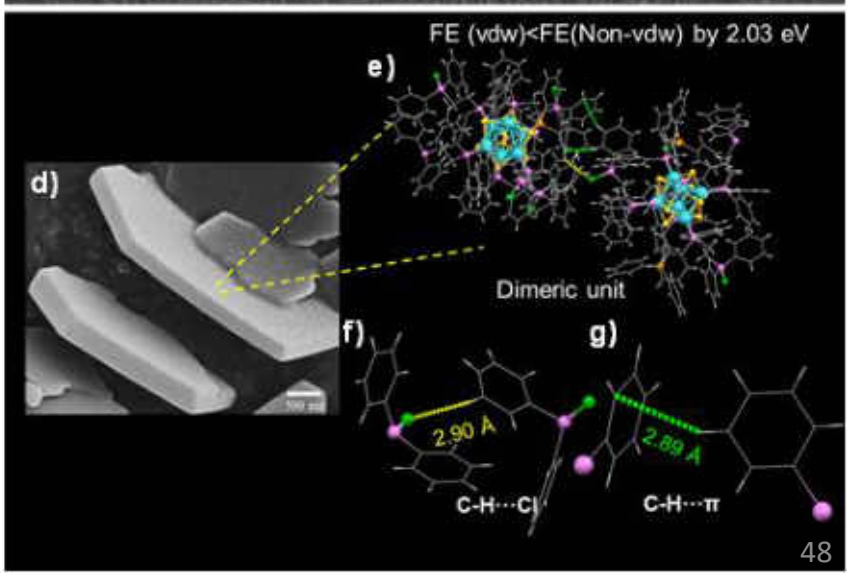


Electrospray deposition

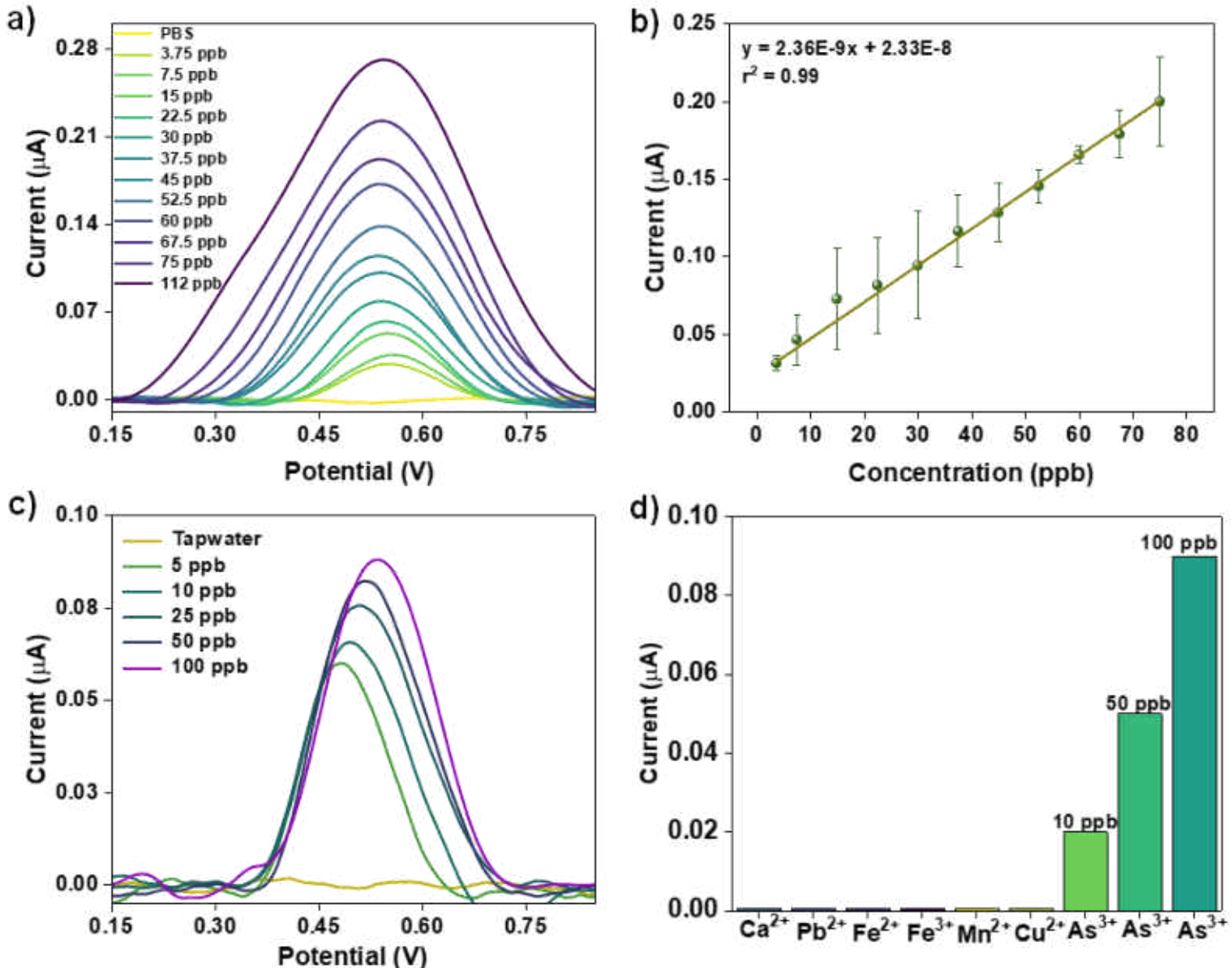




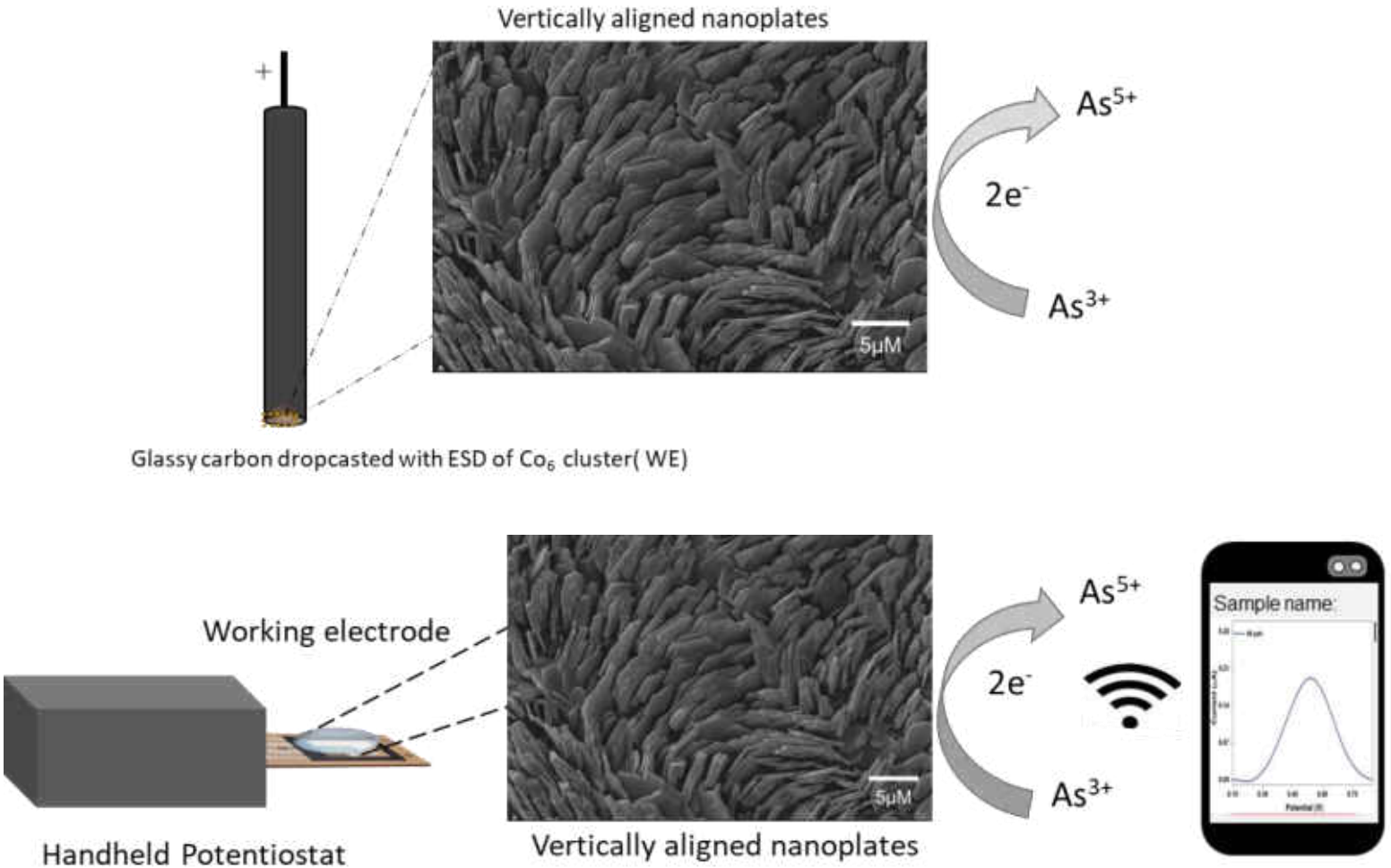




Sensing

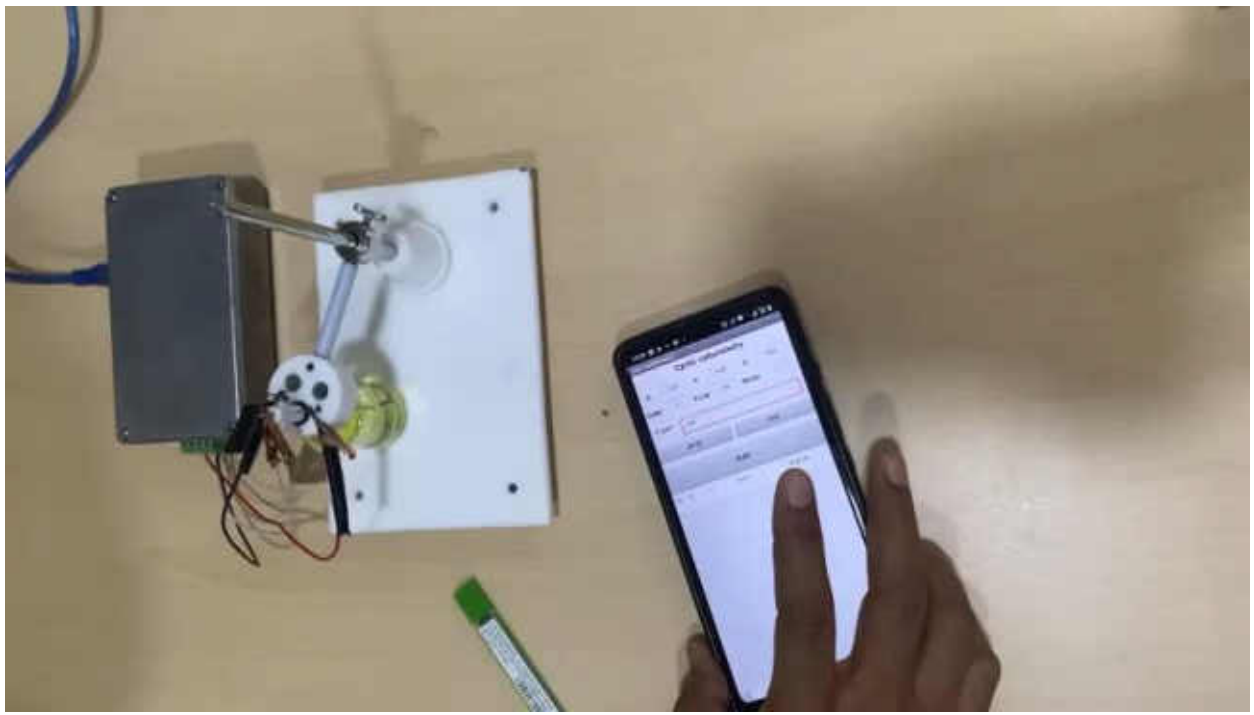

a)
PBS
3.75 ppb
7.5 ppb
15 ppb
22.5 ppb
30 ppb
37.5 ppb
45 ppb
52.5 ppb
60 ppb
67.5 ppb
75 ppb
112 ppb
Current (μA)
Potential (V)
b)
y = 2.36E-9x + 2.33E-8
r² = 0.99
Current (μA)
Concentration (ppb)
c)
Tapwater
5 ppb
10 ppb
25 ppb
50 ppb
100 ppb
Current (μA)
Potential (V)
d)
100 ppb
50 ppb
10 ppb
Current (μA)
Ca2+ Pb2+ Fe2+ Fe3+ Mn2+ Cu2+ As3+ As3+ As3+

Working electrode



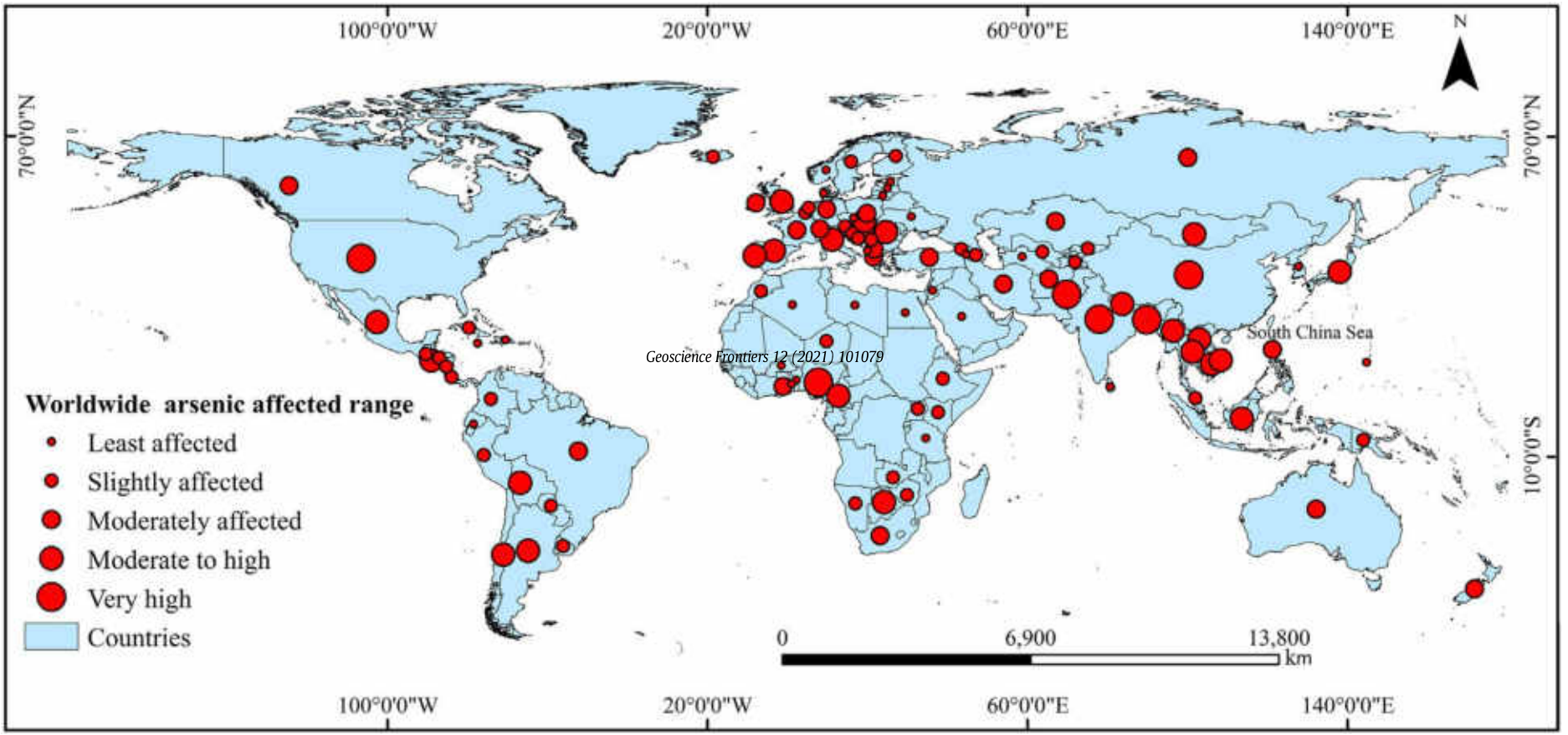
Anagha Jose et al. 2023

Analytical devices



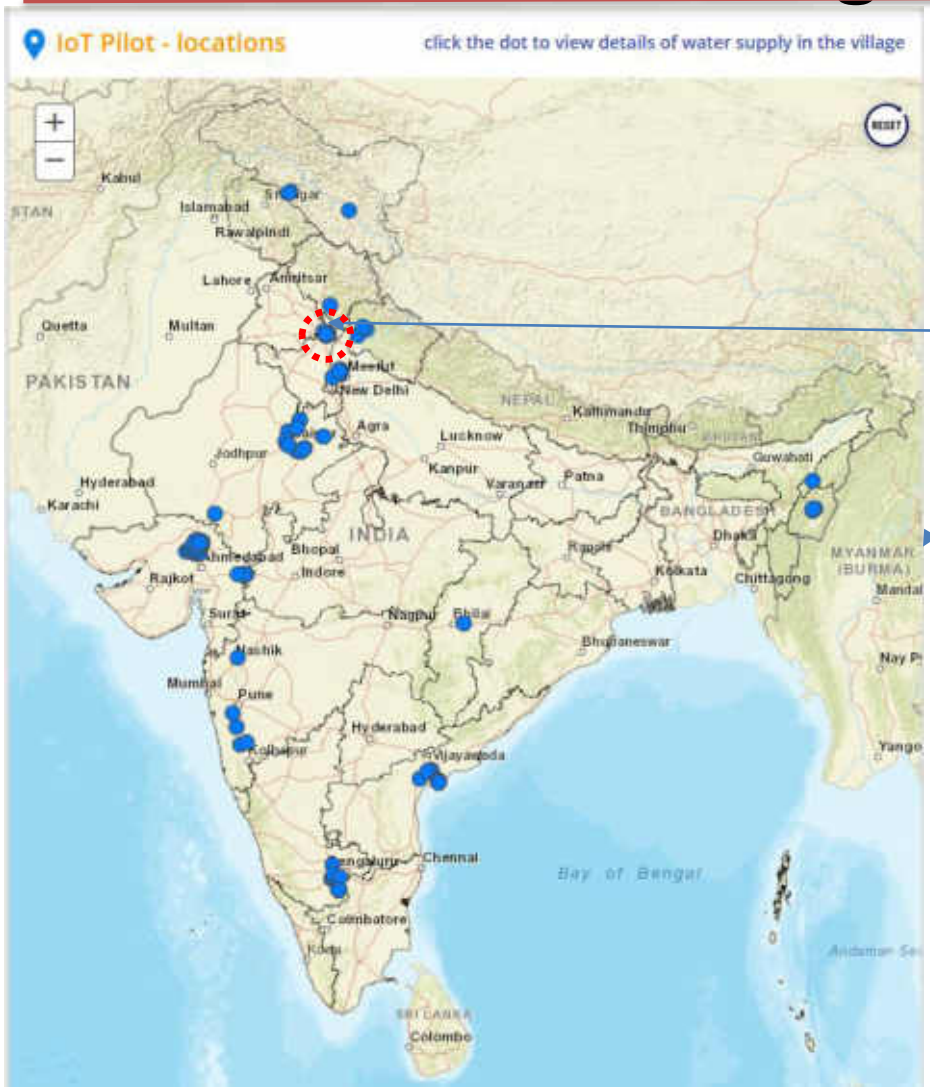
Sourav Kanti Jana

Arsenic poisoning across the world



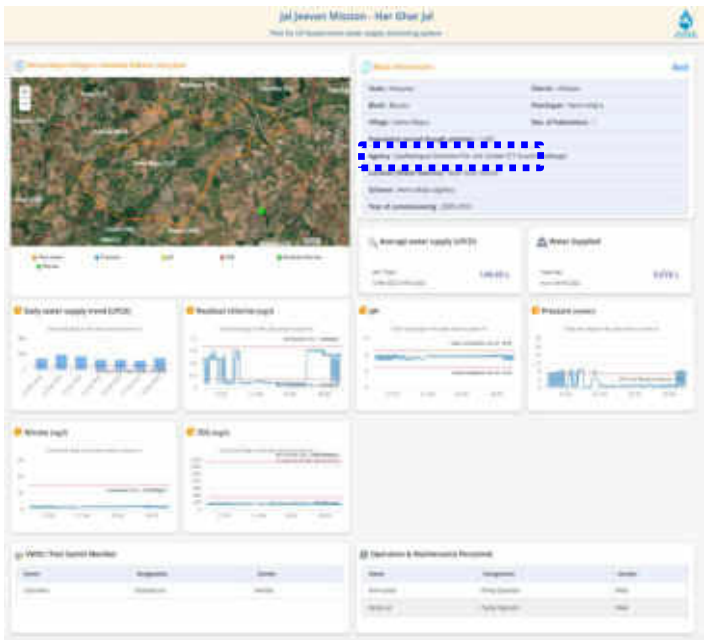
E. Shaji, M. Santosh, K. V. Sarath, Pranav Prakash, V. Deepch and B. V. Divya, Geoscience Frontiers, 12 (2021) 101079.

India’s water is being monitored



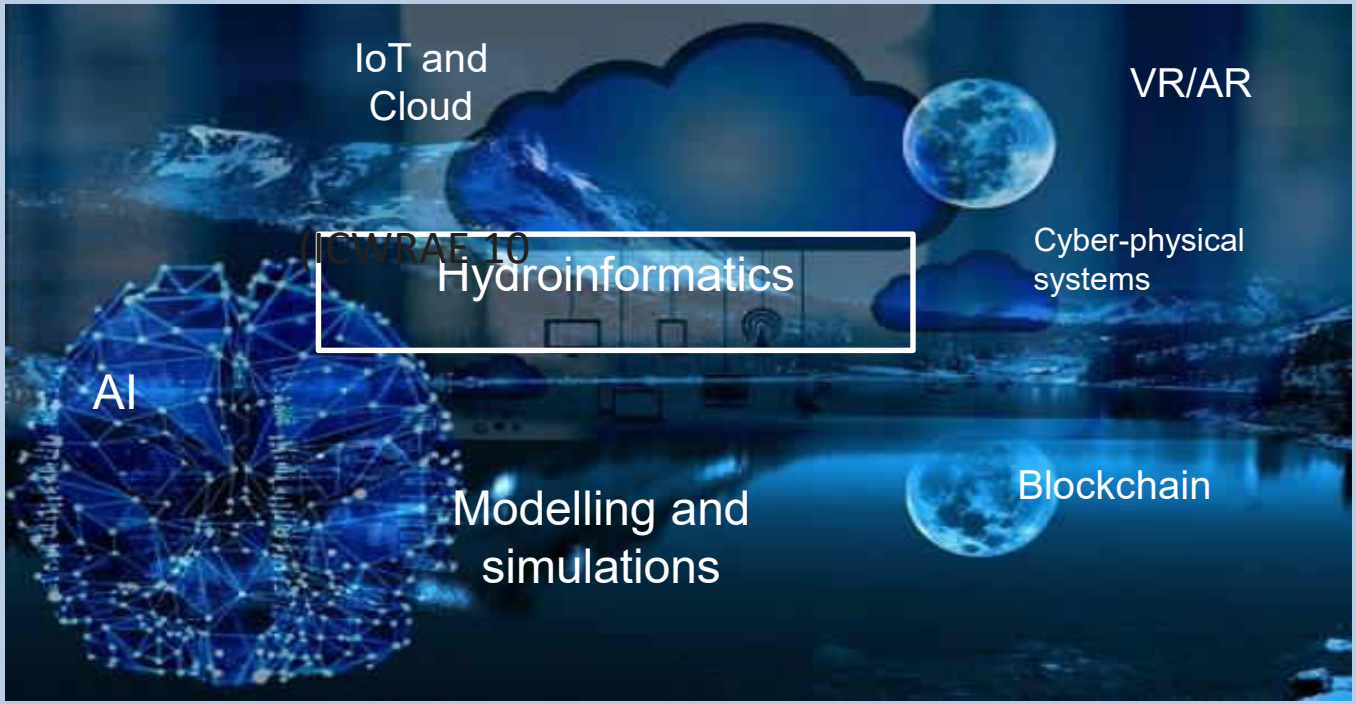
IITM/IISc

Installations made by four companies



Hydroinformatics

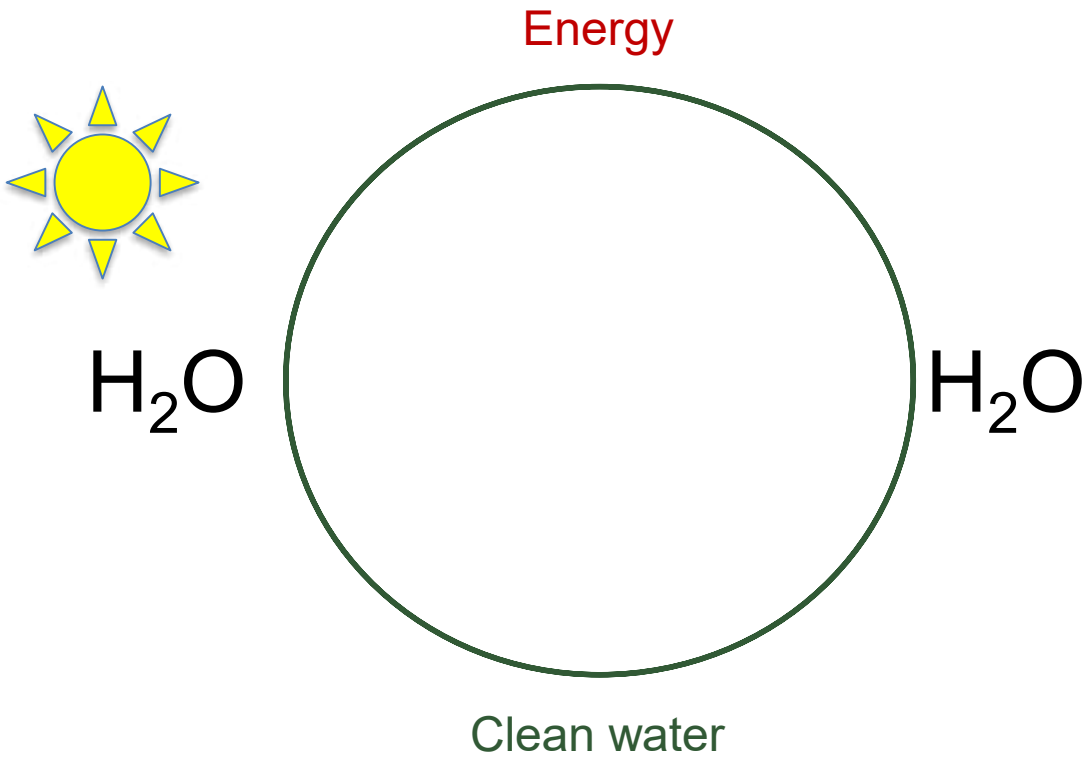
Application of computing technologies for efficient, sustainable and equitable water management.

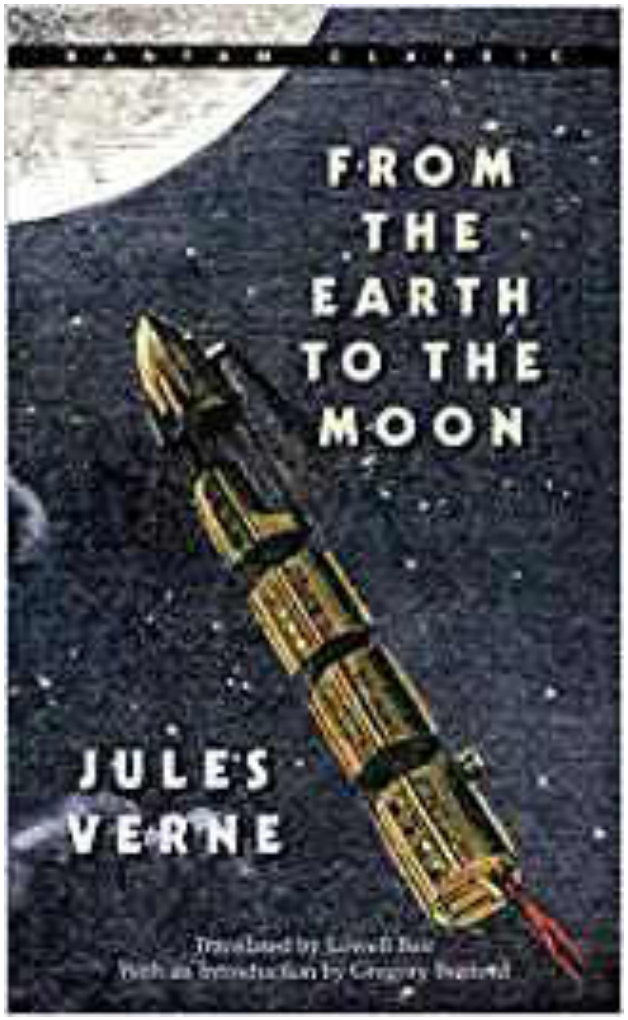


Digital water or water 4.0 will revolutionize water management.


Policy

Our dreams become reality with materials





Affordable, inclusive, sustainable and contextual excellence


International Centre for Clean Water


IIT Madras Research Park

The AMRIT Team, 2013

Water team at IIT: A. Sreekumaran Nair, Anshup, M. Udhaya Sankar, Amrita Chaudhary, Renjis T. Tom, T. S. Sreeprasad, Udayabhaskararao Thumu, M. S. Bootharaju, K. R. Krishnadas, Kalamesh Chaudhari, Soujit Sengupta, Depanjan Sarkar, Avijit Baidya, Swathy Jakka Ravindran, Abhijit Nag, S. Vidhya, Biswajit Mondal, Krishnan Swaminathan, Azhardin Gnayee, Sudhakar Chennu, A. Suganya, Rabiul Islam, Sritama Mukherjee, Tanvi Gupte, Jenifer Shantha Kumar, A. Anil Kumar, Ankit Nagar, Ramesh Kumar Soni, Tanmayaa Nayak, Sonali Seth, Shihabudheen M. Maliyekkal, G. Velmurugan, Wakeel Ahmed Dar, Ganapati Natarajan, N. Pugazhenthiran, A. Leelavathi, Sahaja Aigal, S.Gayathri, Bibhuti Bhusan Rath, Ananthu Mahendranath, Harsh Dave, Erik Mobegi, Egor Moses, Hemanta R. Naik, Sourav Kanti Jana,...

Avula Anil Kumar, Chennu Sudhakar, Sritama Mukherjee, Anshup, and Mohan Udhaya Sankar

Funding: Department of Science and Technology, Government of India

Start-ups and partners:

PhD Theses: Bindhu Varughese, M. R. Resmi, M. Venkataramanan, N. Sandhyarani, R. Selvan, A. Sreekumaran Nair, M. J. Rosemary, Renjis T. Tom, C. Subramaniam, Jobin Cyriac, V. R. Rajeev Kumar, D. M. David Jeba Singh, Akshaya Kumar Samal, E. S. Shibu, M. A. Habeeb Muhammed, P. R. Sajanlal, T. S. Sreeprasad, J. Purushothaman, T. Udayabhaskararao, M. S. Bootharaju, Soumabha Bag, Robin John, Kamalesh Chaudhari, Ammu Mathew, Indranath Chakraborty, Radha Gobinda Bhuin, Ananya Baksi, Amitava Srimony, Anirban Som, Rabin Rajan Methikkalam, K. R. Krishnadas, Soujit Sengupta, Depanjan Sarkar, Atanu Ghosh, Rahul Narayanan, Avijit Baidya, Shridevi Bhat, Papri Chakraborty, Swathy Jakka Ravindran, C. K. Manju, Abhijit Nag, S. Vidhya, Jyoti Sarita Mohanty, Debasmita Ghosh, Jyotirmoy Ghosh, Md. Bodiuzzaman, Biswajit Mondal, Tripti Ahuja, Esma Khatun, Krishnan Swaminathan, K. S. Sugi, Amrita Chakraborty, Sudhakar Chennu, Sritama Mukherjee, Madhuri Jash, Sandeep Bose, Md. Rabiul Islam, Pallab Basuri, Mohd Azhardin Ganayee, Tanvi Gupte

>25 Post-doctoral fellows, >130 masters students and visitors

Indian Institute of Technology Madras

Bhaskar Ramamurthi/V. Kamakoti

Associate Editor

ACS Sustainable Chemistry & Engineering

Thank you all